The Largest Circulation of any Foreign Daily in the Far East

# THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

No. 1479 VOL. V. Registered at the Chinese P.O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 西曆千五月廿三日 SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1916 明治四十四年九月十九日第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

## SZECHUEN TROOPS FORCE CHEN YI TO FIGHT CHOW CHUN

### Was Willing to Withdraw, But Has Now Decided To Offer Battle

### CONSULS MEDIATE

### Secure Only Ultimatum For Chengtu to Be Evacuated In Three Days

### SHELL SHIUCHOW

### Li Lieh-chun Attacks City When Call for $120,000 Is Refused

*Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press*

Chengtu, June 19.—The British and French Consuls, yesterday, went to Longchuenih, 50 li from Chengtu, to mediate with the commander of General Chow Chun's advance-guard. The latter insisted that Governor Chen Yi's troops should leave Chengtu within three days.

Although Chen Yi was willing to withdraw, the local troops said that they would resist General Chow Chun to the death. Chen Yi, today, resolved to fight.

Foreigners have been asked to hoist their national flags and the Consuls have also distributed notices to be pasted on the doors of foreign residences and buildings, in case of street disturbances.

**Shiuchow Bombarded**

Hongkong, June 21.—The China Mail reports that Li Lieh-chun recently bombarded the city of Shiuchow, north of Canton, because it failed to comply with his demands to furnish $120,000.

### JUTLAND SEA FIGHT

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

London, June 20.—In the House of Commons, today, Mr. T. J. Macnamara, Secretary to the Admiralty, said that Admiral Sir John Jellicoe's despatch had not yet been received.

## *Hill 108 is Defended From German Attack*

### *Mining Is General; British Surprise and Bomb Hostile Working Party*

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

Paris, June 21.—The official communique issued this afternoon reported: There was considerable artillery activity on both sides of the Meuse. After exploding two mines, the Germans attacked Hill 108, north-west of Rheims, but were repulsed.

London, June 20.—General Sir Douglas Haig reports: There was mining activity and a reciprocal bombardment on the Loos sector, where, last night, we surprised and bombed a large hostile working party, inflicting numerous casualties.

### Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

**For Japan:—**

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru June 23
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakuai M. June 23
Per R.V.F. s.s. Penza..... June 23

**For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—**

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Sado Maru July 1
Per C.M. s.s. China..... July 2
Per R.M. s.s. Monteagle.. July 4
Per R.M. s.s. E. of Russia July 14

**For Europe, via Suez:—**

Per P. and O. s.s. Nyanza June 25
Per M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon July 4
Per P. and O. s.s. Nellore July 10

**Mails to Arrive:—**

The American and Canadian mails are due to arrive here on or about June 24, per R.M. s.s. Monteagle.

The English mail will probably leave Hongkong for Shanghai on the 23rd instant, per P. and O. s.s. Nellore.

The French mail of May 28 is due at Hongkong on June 29, and here on July 3. Left Colombo on June 16, per M.M. s.s. Atlantique.

The Atlantique also brings the French mail of May 20, ex M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat.

## *Kwangtung Province Cancels Declaration of Independence; Lung Chi-kwang Is Governor*

### Liang Shih-yi's Resignation Accepted; Liang Chi-chiao Converts Premier in Favor of Old Constitution

*Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press*

Peking, June 21.—A mandate announces the acceptance of the resignation of Liang Shih-yi, as stated on the 14th.

Another mandate announces the cancellation of the independence of Kwangtung and appoints Lung Chi-kwang Governor of Kwangtung, as well as Chiangchun.

After an interview with Premier Tuan Chi-jui, Huang Chun, the representative of Liang Chi-chiao, telegraphed to the latter, stating that Tuan Chi-jui agreed in principle to the restoration of the provisional constitution and also of the Parliament, but considered the question should be tackled with caution. He proposed that a conference of three representatives of each province should be called, the delegates to be members of the old Parliament, after which a mandate could be issued, announcing the decision.

**Conference Unnecessary**

Liang Chi-chiao replied that he was glad to learn that Premier Tuan Chi-jui approved the restoration of the provisional constitution but deemed it unnecessary to call a meeting of provincial representatives, which presented difficulties. It was merely necessary for the Government to issue a simple mandate on the subject.

This was not an alteration of the law, but merely a formal declaration of facts in accordance with the law. Liang Chi-chiao said that he hoped the Government would take this responsibility, for, as long as the question remained unsettled, nothing could be done with reference to future re-organisation and he feared that suspicion would arise if the matter was not settled soon.

Liang Chi-chiao added that Mr. Tong Shao-yi shared his views.

**Yuan's Funeral Arrangements**

Elaborate preparations are being made for the funeral of Yuan Shih-k'ai on the 28th, when his remains will be removed to Changtehfu. It is expected that the cortege will be nearly a mile long.

All officials above the rank of "recommended" class will be invited to attend. It is understood that, in addition to some two thousand men of the Palace Guard, who will escort the coffin to Changtehfu, detachments of the following troops will attend the funeral: the regular army corps, the Naval Corps, the Model Corps, the President's body-guards, the police force and the Patrol Corps. The coffin will be borne by 128 coolies.

A mat-shed is being erected at the Peking-Hankow railway station, where sacrifice will be offered before the coffin is entrained. Numerous trains are already leaving Peking, conveying the furniture and effects of Yuan's family.

**Canton Governor not Shot**

Hongkong, June 18.—The Colonial Secretary is informed that the newspaper rumor that the Military Governor of Canton had been shot is absolutely false.

**Situation more Complicated**

*Special Cable to The China Press*

Peking, June 22.—Liang Shih-yi's resignation was formally accepted this evening and he left for the Tientsin foreign concession immediately, with his family.

The political situation here is quite complicated, the Southern representatives having left for Shanghai, as their leaders are opposed to the central political conference proposed by Premier Tuan. So far, nothing has been settled about the constitution, the Parliament or the Cabinet.

**Not Acting President**

*Ostasiatische Lloyd*

Peking, June 22.—The Waichiaopu has wired to the Chinese Ministers abroad that Li Yuan-hung has succeeded the late President as formal President and not as an acting one.

According to the Peking Jih-pao, numerous members of the old Parliament have assembled at Peking. They are about to draft a memorial, suggesting the speedy convocation of the Parliament.

**Parliament Opens Here July 10**

July 10 has been fixed upon as the date when the members of the former National Assembly will meet in Shanghai to discuss the present problems of the country. Members have arrived from all provinces excepting Yunnan, Kweichow and Kwangsi.

Premier Tuan Chi-jui, on behalf of the government, has addressed several telegrams to the members here to proceed immediately to Peking. This request is rejected by the members on the ground that the government has not revived the National Constitution nor cancelled Yuan Shih-k'ai's new constitution. The members represented by Mr. Tang Hua-lung, who is now in Peking, have informed the government that in case the government fails to revive the old constitution, the members themselves will do so.

The members admit that President Li is not yet free to act as he desires. The mandates or orders are still issued by the secretary of the late President Yuan, and they are simply chopped by President Li. Almost every mandate is drafted by Yuan's old men.

The National Assembly here has prepared important bills to be submitted for discussion here by the members.

## *U. S. Troops Collide With Carranza Force*

### *Hostilities at Carrizal Result In Heavy Casualties On Both Sides*

*Reuter's Service.*

El Paso, June 22.—It is reported that American cavalry have had a clash with Carranzista troops at Carrizal, about 100 miles south of here and that both sides suffered heavy casualties.

## *Ministry of Shipping Is Urged for Britain*

### *Unionists Hopeful That Organisation, As of Munitions, Will Solve Tonnage Problem*

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

London, June 21.—A sub-committee of the Unionist War Committee on the tonnage problem recommends a Ministry of Shipping, on the same lines as the Ministry of Munitions.

### KITCHENER'S SUCCESSOR

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

London, June 20.—In the House of Commons, today, Mr. Asquith announced that he could not make a statement regarding the post of Secretary of State for War.

## *Pte. Lonsdale's Death Sentence Is Commuted*

### *Kaiser Pardons Soldier Condemned for Insulting German Officer*

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

Amsterdam, June 21.—The Kaiser has pardoned Private Lonsdale, who was condemned to death for insulting an officer at Doeberlitz Camp.

## *Mrs. Goold, Missing Missionary, Drowned*

### *Body of Lady Police Were Searching for is Found In the Whangpoo*

The body of Mrs. Goold, the missionary who has been missing since Monday, was found yesterday morning in the Whangpoo River by the River Police. The body was taken to the mortuary.

Mrs. Goold was living at No. 10 Woosung Road. It is supposed that her mind was affected.

An inquest was begun yesterday before Mr. G. W. King, British coroner. After the body had been identified the inquest was adjourned.

## British Bayonet and Bomb Men Ready to Rush Trench

The photograph shows a complement of bayonet fighters and bomb-throwers ready for a charge. The bombs and hand-grenades disrupt the formation of defenders and enable the attackers to close for a bayonet charge.

## SKOULOUDIS RESIGNING IS REPORT IN ATHENS

### King Constantine Seeks Advice Of Zaimis; Situation Complicated By Rumors

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

Athens, June 21.—The Neonasty states that the resignation of the Skouloudis Cabinet will probably be announced today. King Constantine has summoned M. Zaimis, but the rumors in circulation are conflicting.

## THIEF'S BIG MISTAKE: ASKED POLICE ADVICE

### Carrying Loot When He Lost His Way; Burlington Hotel Got Its Silver Back

Here is a special word of advice for persons who have determined to commit larceny: Don't stop while making your get-away to ask questions of police constables.

Two pantry boys who work at the Burlington Hotel made a raid on the silver of that hostelry. Sixteen dollars worth of spoons, knives and dishes was wrapped into a criminal bundle and given by one of the felons to the other. No. 2 was told to beat it as fast as possible and store the loot where it would be divided later.

No. 2 took the swag and departed by a circuitous route. The route was so circuitous that it brought him to a strange part of town where he awoke to the sickening realization that he was lost. There was a Chinese constable of the French police standing nearby, so the criminal went up to him and asked him his way home.

"What's the bundle you've got?" demanded the officer, ignoring the query.

"Er-a," stammered the coolie, "it's some carrots and cabbages and things."

The constable shook the bundle.

"Carrots don't rattle," said he and forthwith arrested the pantry boy.

The prisoner was handed over to the Settlement police and the other pantry boy was arrested. Both were given two months in prison by the Mixed Court.

## *Majority in Gt. Britain Against Recalcitrant Unionists in Ireland*

### *Snub from Carson; Favoring Settlement, Daily Mail Asks Asquith To Be Firm*

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

London, June 21.—The Irish difficulty is deplored. There is a general feeling that the prosecution of the war should be the first consideration and the attitude of the southern Irish Unionists, which is attributed to the belief that disloyalty is reviving, is regarded as the more regrettable as it is understood that Mr. Lloyd George has conceded them the inclusion of thirty representatives of the propertied and financial classes in the Irish House of Commons.

The Daily Mail says that the difficulty is delaying the appointment of Lord Kitchener's successor, the public is impatient of pettifogging politicians and it urges Mr. Asquith to put his foot down.

The Times denounces the dissentients. It says that they are likely to come into line as Mr. Lloyd George's proposals are supported by an important body of the Unionists.

The Daily News states that the Ulster members of the House of Commons do not sympathise with the recalcitrants and Sir Edward Carson snubbed an English Unionist who urged that the Unionist Forward Committee should adopt a resolution opposing the Irish settlement.

## JAPANESE AGREEMENT WITH ALLIES COMPLETE

### Sakatani Is To Make Thorough Study Of Commercial Relations With France

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

Paris, June 20.—Regarding the economic conference, it is stated that the Japanese delegates came to Paris with the desire of entering into an agreement with their allies and had entirely succeeded. Baron Sakatani added that he intends to prolong his sojourn in Paris, with a view to studying thoroughly the commercial relations between France and Japan.

### The Weather

Gloomy and misty weather. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 91.8 and the minimum 72.6, the figures for the corresponding last year being respectively 84.4 and 74.8.

## KIPLING TELLS STORY OF E-BOATS IN BALTIC

### Ice Was No Bar to Daring Commanders; Had Hair-breadth Escapes

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

London, June 20.—In the first of three copyright articles, based on Admiralty reports, Mr. Rudyard Kipling describes the adventures of the submarines E.9 and E.1 in the Baltic. The second article will be published on the 23rd and the third on the 28th.

The first article tells, with inimitable power, the experiences of Lieut.-Commander Max Horton's E.9. How, led by an ice-breaker, she proceeded to a certain station in the Baltic, in mid-winter, where she worked in a mixture of black ice and dirty ice-cream.

How she maneuvered in a heavy swell, which made keeping proper depth difficult, towards an enemy destroyer, fired a torpedo, then dipped and rose to find the destroyer had disappeared. How, afterwards, she went to bed in the chill dark, while other destroyers sought her and eventually returned to port safely, with everything on board frozen.

Then Kipling describes how, in the summer-time, the E.9 had often to go to bed by day, while the Baltic was as smooth as glass and was rewarded at length by seeing two enemy battleships, escorted by two destroyers, approaching fast. The submarine crept up, fired both torpedoes at the leading ship and saw the first strike in front of the foremost funnel.

The smoke and debris rose to the mast head. A destroyer instantly charged the submarine, which just escaped.

Meanwhile, they heard the second torpedo strike and explode. When the E.9 rose, a little later, it found a destroyer waiting to pounce on it, but just had time to see "one little nigger-boy instead of two" upon the waters before hastily sinking again.

### *Music for Today*

The following program will, weather permitting, be played by the Band in the Hongkew Recreation Ground this afternoon beginning at 5.30 o'clock:

1.—March "The Kentucky Patrol" .....Kaps
2.—Overture ..."La Reine d'un Jour" .....Adam
3.—Waltz ..."Premier Printemps" .....Margis
4.—Selection "La Source" ...Delibes
5.—Song ....."The Maid of Malabar" .....Adams
6.—Selection....."La Parisiana" .....Donizetti

A. de Kryger.
Conductor-in-Charge.

## BRUSSILOFF MAKES 172,484 PRISONERS DURING BIG DRIVE

### Captures 198 Guns, 550 Maxims, Besides Enormous Booty

### SPLITS AUSTRIANS

### Both Sections in Flight; Right Flank in Disorder; Many Villages Taken

### LINSINGEN BEATEN

### Bar to Advance Upon Kovel Removed by Rout Of Two Divisions

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

Petrograd, June 21.—The official communique issued yesterday stated: The enemy's extreme right is falling back in disorder, vigorously pursued. We have occupied various villages on the River Sereth line.

We crossed the River Sereth in pursuit of the enemy. From the 4th to the 17th, General Brussiloff's armies captured 172,484 prisoners, 198 guns, 550 machine-guns and 189 trench-pieces and a huge quantity of material.

The Russians have cut the Austrian army under General von Pflanzer, operating in Bukhovina, into two parts and are driving one part towards the Rumanian frontier and the other towards the Carpathians.

The Russians are pursuing General von Pflanzer's army in Bukhovina with the utmost speed. They have covered thirteen miles in a day.

**Reserves From All Fronts**

It is reported that the Austrians and Germans have sent re-inforcements to the Russian south-west front from all the other fronts.

On the Dvina front, we are intensively bombarding the enemy's positions at many points.

The enemy are continuing their furious counter-attacks on many sectors of General Brussiloff's front. In a fight on the River Styr, on the 17th, thirty miles north-east of Lutsk, we captured 3,243 prisoners and 17 machine-guns.

In the Lokaczy district, we recaptured the two guns mentioned yesterday and took 1,200 prisoners and eight machine-guns. The enemy are resisting desperately on the Strypa, north of Buczacz.

General Kaledin is pressing westwards to south of Vladimir-Volynsk, with the object of cutting the enemy's communications between Kovel and Lemberg. The extension of General Kaledin's eighty-mile front, southwards, promises to effect a junction with the army operating in the direction of Lemberg from Brody.

**Furious Engagements**

The communique today described a series of furious engagements along the River Stokhod, north-westward and west of Lutsk, the Germans attacking in massed formation. Certain villages changed hands repeatedly.

Some finally remained in the hands of the Germans and others in those of the Russians, who made 500 prisoners and captured 15 machine-guns.

The enemy took the offensive last night south of Smorgon and penetrated our trenches on the sector. We made a counter-attack and expelled them. Other attacks in this region were repulsed by our fire, or with the bayonet.

**Gunners Chase Fleeing Foe**

The dashing work of Russian horse artillery, mentioned in a recent communique, occurred at Zalestchiki. When the enemy had been driven out of their positions and were fleeing in disorder, as there was no cavalry available the Russian battery commander despatched sixty mounted gunners in pursuit, forty of whom sabred the retreating enemy and captured 150, while the remaining twenty swooped down on a fleeing Austrian battery.

The latter made a stout defence with revolvers and carbines, their commander being killed and the riders of the horses of the gun-teams wiped out before the battery sur-

rendered. Only three of the Russians were killed.

In the Revandouze district, our young troops routed a large band of Kurds, who left a large number of killed. In the direction of Bagdad a *coup-de-main*, carried out by our Cossacks, ousted the Turks from the region of Kolayshakin.

We repulsed an infantry and cavalry offensive in the region of Serpul, with great loss.

**Important Success**

Paris, June 20.—The Russians have defeated two German divisions under General von Linsingen, west of Kolki. This is an important success, as the Russian advance towards Kovel, hitherto, has been held up at this point.

Peking, June 18.—The following official communique from Petrograd, dated June 17, has been handed to Reuter's Agency by the Russian Legation:—His Imperial Majesty the Supreme Commander of the Russian armies has received the following telegram from the Emperor of Japan:—"Having received with great pleasure the welcome news regarding the glorious victory gained by your valiant army in Galicia, I hasten to convey to Your Imperial Majesty my sincerest congratulations on the occasion of the glorious exploit of your army."

## EAST AFRICAN CAMPAIGN

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

London, June 20.—The Gazette publishes a despatch from General Smuts, which states that the German forces in East Africa total 16,000, of whom 2,000 are white, with 60 guns and 80 machine-guns. He pays a high tribute to all the members of his force and especially to General Tighe, for the manner in which he prepared the offensive and for his loyal co-operation and also to Brigadier Vandevenders, for executing a turning movement, to which the rapidity of our success was undoubtedly due.

General Smuts reports that he has occupied Handeni, south of Wilhelmstal, the enemy continuing their retreat towards the Central Railway. Brigadier Northey has occupied all Langenburg, north of Lake Nyassa. The enemy retired north-east.

The Belgians now hold a line between the head of Lake Tanganyika and the south-western extremity of Lake Victoria.

## 'THE SEVENTH WIFE'

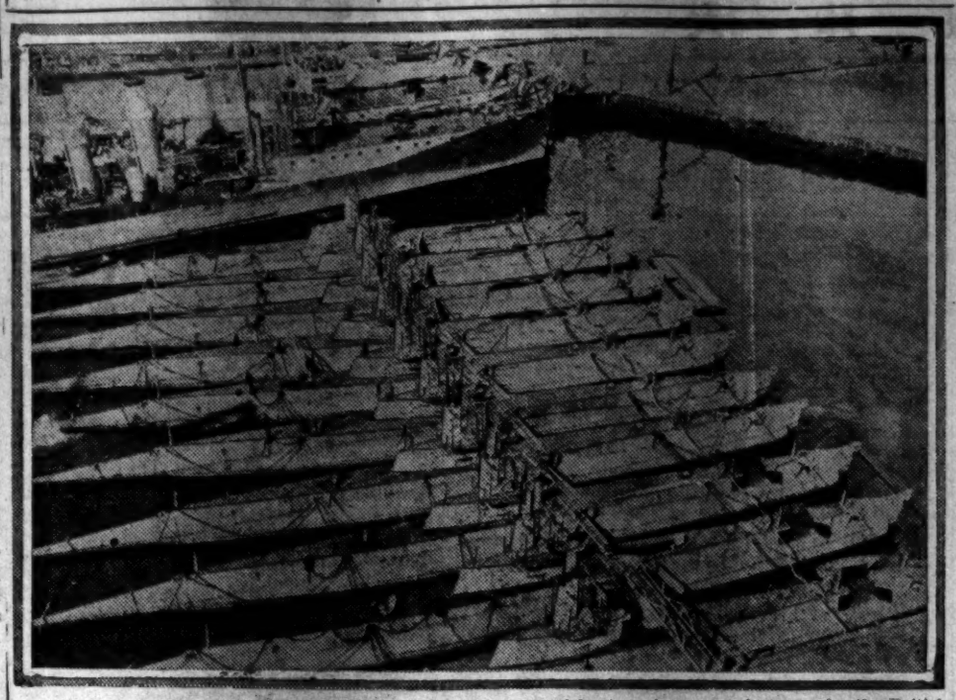
The comedy company of the Flagship Brooklyn is producing an original musical comedy tonight and having seen the dress rehearsal last night it is safe to prophesy that the show will score an unqualified success. The pack on the stage likes the work and that is the surest sign that the audience will do likewise.

Lieutenant Howell is responsible for book, stagecraft and pretty well everything else. He has gathered some excellent material from the crew and has fitted them with fine numbers. The dancing is tip-top and there can be no doubt that the crowded house, already booked, will thoroughly enjoy itself.

The musical comedy introduces all the latest New York musical numbers together with boxing stunts and strong man exhibitions. The Pirates —somewhere in anywhere—are the fiercest things we have ever encountered. It is their part to look and act bad and they are very good at it.

The curtain rings up at 9.15 and a big orchestra will play an appropriate introduction.

# British Submarines Tied Up in U. S. Because of Neutrality



Here are ten submarines, which have just been completed by American manufacturers for the British government, but which are tied up in the Charleston Navy Yard, Mass., because of the neutrality laws. The completed submarines are classed as belligerent ships and as such, must remain in port until the end of the war.

## *To Discuss Scheme For Dual Lighting*

### *Gas Co. at Last Induce Council To Enter Into Negotiations With Them*

The Municipal Gazette says:

As a result of several meetings and discussions between the Works Committee and the Chairman and Engineering Chief of the Gas Company, the arrangement set forth in the subjoined correspondence has been adopted, subject to the approval of the ratepayers at the next annual meeting:—

Council Room,
Shanghai, June 15, 1916.

Sir,—With reference to memoranda submitted by yourself and recent meetings and discussions relative to the affairs of the Gas Company, I am directed to communicate to you the terms of the consequent understanding which the Council has sanctioned, as follows:—

(1) That the discount of 25 per cent from the charges for public lighting shall be foregone with effect from January 1, 1916, and that in lieu thereof, from that date, a royalty shall be paid of Tls. 1,000 per annum: provided that the amount of this royalty shall at any time be liable to revision by the Council.

(2) That the prices for public gas lighting shall remain unaltered for the present, and that the number and type of lamps to be erected for alternative lighting in precaution against emergency be the subject of joint recommendations by the Municipal Engineer and the Engineer of the Company to be submitted for the Council's consideration.

(3) That neither the limitation of prices for electricity nor any arrangement such as to preclude the use of preferential rates for electricity, can be the subject of any undertaking on the Council's part; but I am directed to convey to you an assurance that the Electricity Committee wholly recognises the undesirability, generally speaking, of any levy of preferential rates upon consumers of the same character.

I am, etc.,
J. B. Mackinnon,
Acting Secretary.

E. Jenner Hogg, Esq.,
Chairman, Shanghai Gas Co.

Shanghai, June 17, 1916.

Dear Sir,—I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 15th instant, addressed to the Chairman of this Company, concerning the new arrangements between the Municipal Council and the Gas Co.

The Company's Engineer will at once put himself in communication with the Municipal Engineer with a view to formulating a scheme for the approval of the Council.

I am, etc.,
W. Gater,
Acting Secretary.

J. B. Mackinnon, Esq.,
Acting Secretary,
Municipal Council.

## *Memorial to Kitchener Approved in Commons*

### *Asquith and Bonar Law Backed By Wardle, Who Voices Labor's Appreciation*

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

London, June 21.—In the House of Commons, today, Mr. Asquith, moving that a national memorial be erected in memory of Lord Kitchener, paid a tribute to his work, in association with Earl Cromer, in the emancipation and regeneration of Egypt, his re-organisation of the armies of India and his sleepless energy, rare resources and masterful personality in the present war.

Mr. A. Bonar Law seconded the Premier's motion.

Mr. G. J. Wardle, Labor Member for Stockport, emphasised the mutual confidence which existed between Lord Kitchener and the Laborites.

The motion was adopted.

## *French Had Offered Place To Kitchener*

### *Tells How Latter Declined, Although He Had No Position At the Time*

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

London, June 20.—In the House of Lords, today, Field Marshal Viscount French paid a tribute to Lord Kitchener's unsparing efforts to supply his demands when he was commanding the British forces in France. He had not always seen eye to eye with Lord Kitchener, but diversions of opinion had not interfered with national interests.

When he had reason to believe that he had been selected for the chief command, he urged Lord Kitchener to take his place, he (Lord French) serving as second-in-command, but Lord Kitchener, although he then had no idea of taking the portfolio of Secretary of State for War, declined.

## *Basis for Economic United States Laid At Paris Conference*

### *Provides for Allies' Defence Against German Trade War Later On*

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

Paris, June 21.—Regarding the resolutions passed by the Paris economic conference, Le Matin declares that they not only lay down the mere principles on which an "economic united states" shall be built, but contain the germ of all practical measures of defence against the Germans, who are preparing a battle for after the war by means of dumping and other aggressive methods, with perhaps more brutality than organized the present bloody conflict. All the resolutions constitute a highly effective reply to the plan of the Central Empires' economic confederation, by which the enemy dreamed of oppressing the Allies in future.

The permanent committee on international economic action instituted by the Allies' conference on March 28 assembled in Paris, yesterday, under the presidency of M. Denys Cochin. The eight allied nations were represented by their delegates and the exchanges of views will henceforth be continual. A series of industrial and commercial creations and legislative measures, without hurting the economic doctrines special to each nation, will make all the allied countries an harmonious force as fit to attack as for defence.

## REDUCE COCOA DUTY

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

London, June 21.—In the House of Commons, today, Mr. Reginald McKenna announced a reduction, from today, in the duty on cocoa from sixpence to 4½d. per pound, rendering the duty more fairly proportionate to tea.


I lie, I cheat, do anything for pelf, but who on earth can say I am not pious.

SEE "THE HYPOCRITES"

HIMROD'S
Gives Instant Relief
No matter what your respiratory organs may be suffering from—whether
ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, NASAL CATARRH, or ORDINARY COUGH.
—you will find in this famous remedy a restorative power that is simply unequalled.
FAMED FOR
Sold in the by Stores throughout
BEWARE OF
60 YEARS all Countries and the Country.
IMITATIONS.
CURE FOR ASTHMA

You Cannot Equal the Economy

To be obtained by using the
ELECTRIC MOTOR

For all purposes, from the driving of a Silk Winder to that of a Flour Mill electric current from the Municipal mains is proving itself in Shanghai to be not only the best, but also the **Cheapest Power.**

Advice will be willingly supplied free, by the Electricity Department on the electrification of Mills and Factories.

For particulars, etc., apply to the
**Municipal Electricity Department**
Showroom: 471-2 Nanking Road and A1297 Broadway.
Tel. No. 2660. Tel. No. 340.

We have this day assigned the agency for the exclusive sale of
HUPMOBILES
to
THE CENTRAL GARAGE CO., LTD.
A stock of cars has been cabled for and enquiries and orders may be registered with the above Company.
Hupp Motor Car Corporation
R. S. COLE
Shanghai, June 16, 1916. Oriental Sales Manager

No Waste Spaces

*In our HOMES of COMFORT. They are attractive and fulfil all the requirements of local conditions.*

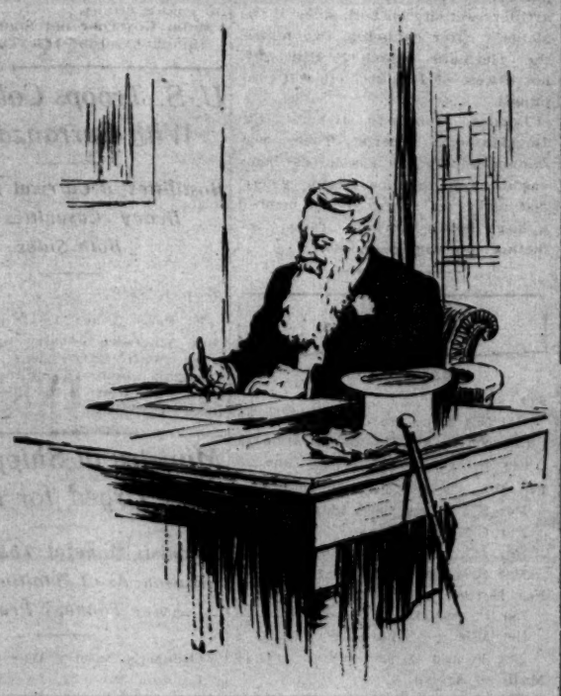
*You may just as well own your home as pay rent. We will build a house for you and allow you to pay for it by easy instalments.*

*CALL AND SEE OUR PLANS.*

China Realty Co., Ltd.
39 Nanking Road.

It is better to swear by Dunlops than to swear at other makes.

USE
DUNLOP
MOTOR TYRES



DUNLOP
RUBBER COMPANY, LTD.,
Founders of the Pneumatic Tyre Industry throughout the World.
20 Kiukiang Road.
Tel. 2248. Cables: Pneumatic.

Trade Mark

# PRESBYTERIANS GET ANTI-UNION PROTEST

## Fifteen Identical Overtures Against Seminary Presented at Atlantic City

## DISPUTE OVER $5,000,000

### Move To Fix the Salaries Of Evangelists Taken To Be Rebuke To Sunday

Atlantic City, N. J., May 19.—The extent of the sentiment of Presbyterians against the alleged heresies of Union Theological Seminary and the "disloyal" acts of the New York Presbytery in admitting to the ministry alleged unorthodox graduates of the seminary may be appreciated from the fact that twenty-two overtures from Presbyteries of the Church urging action against the seminary or the New York Presbytery, were read today at the morning session of the General Assembly, which is holding its 128th annual meeting here.

The Committee on Bills and Overtures, of which the Chairman is the Rev. Dr. J. Ross Stevenson, President of the Princeton Theological Seminary, and whose term as Moderator of the Assembly expired yesterday, met tonight for organization and preliminary work. This committee can make any recommendation it desires on the subjects of the overtures or can refer them to a subcommittee. The peace element in the assembly, which yesterday elected the Rev. John A. Marquis as Moderator, hopes that the committee will recommend that no action at all be taken, but those who presented the overtures and some who agree with their proposals are expected to attempt to force the issues to a debate on the convention floor.

The first overtures against the Union Seminary were fifteen identical ones from the Presbyteries of Adams, Boxbutte, Carthage, Cheyenne, Cincinnati, Columbia River Galena, Huntingdon, Larned McClelland, Portsmouth, San Jose, Spokane, Wenatchee, and Wooster. These stated:

1. To rescind the action of the General Assembly of 1915, approving that part of the report of its special committee on Union Theological Seminary which declares the compact of 1870 between Union Theological Seminary and the General Assembly and the other theological seminaries of our Church null and void and to seek in the civil courts which have sole jurisdiction of the questions involved—by friendly proceedings, if possible—a determination of validity of said compact and the rights and obligations arising therefrom, that will be binding upon the General Assembly and all the theological seminaries which are parties thereto.

2. That the General Assembly seek in like manner to secure the enforcement of the trusts imposed upon the funds of Union Theological Seminary so fully and clearly set forth in the same report, as having been given and received "to uphold and teach" the confession of faith of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America, as containing the system of the doctrine taught in the Holy Scriptures.

3. That the assembly use whatever constitutional power it possesses to exclude from the ministry of our churches those who are assailing the fundamental truths of the gospel, especially those charged with the instruction of the candidates for our ministry.

The Presbyteries of Northumberland, Providence, and West Jersey, in overtures, indorsed the foregoing in part, the Providence Presbytery sending an additional overture urging the assembly to direct in the administrative agencies of the Presbyterian Church, U. S. A., to free themselves of all official connection with persons who shall persist in maintaining any relation of office to the Union Theological Seminary. The overture also asked that ministers, elders, and members of the church be notified that they must not retain official connection with the Union, and that Presbyteries be injoined to warn candidates for the ministry against the seminary.

The Cincinnati overture, asking that the New York Presbytery be cut off from the Church, if no other methods will prevail because of deliberate and long-continued disloyalty to the doctrinal standards of the Presbyterian Church, was also read. The Fort Wayne Presbytery asked that the New York Presbytery be "censured," and the Northumberland Presbytery protested against New York's "continued action in receiving and licensing candidates for the ministry whose theological beliefs do not accord with the doctrinal standards of the Church, particularly with reference to our Lord's birth, the miracles He performed, and His resurrection."

That the attack on Union Theological Seminary has "a monetary and not a spiritual" basis was stated today in an interview by the Rev. Dr. Charles W. Welch, pastor of the Park Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York. Dr. Welch is himself conservative and orthodox, but he does not believe that Union should be sued.

"The leader of the movement against the Union Seminary," Dr. Welch said today, "is no other than Dr. William McKibben, President of the Lane Seminary in Cincinanti. I am sure you get the significance of this fact. But no other seminary would get any of the money now held in trust by Union, even if the assembly should secure a court decision to the effect that it was being misappropriated. The funds would simply revert to the heirs of the original benefactors."

Dr. Welch said that Union had nearly $5,000,000 involved in the dispute.

Mr. McKibben laughed when told of Dr. Welch's statement.

"It's a joke," he said. "Dr. Welch will say next that I torpedoed the Lusitania. Everybody knows that no money now used by Union could ever go out of the State of New York. And, besides, I don't want any money taken away from Union. I simply want the Assembly to force Union Seminary to teach the true doctrines of the Church in accordance with the conditions imposed upon it by the bequests."

An overture from the Erie Presbytery asking that the Assembly "counsel and advise all of the evangelists under its care to accept salaries" fixed by the Assembly was taken by some as a rebuke to the Rev. William A. Sunday. The overture made its plea because "evangelists in some instances are using financial methods which are commercializing the movement, and because "the amount of money paid these evangelists is out of all proportion to the services rendered, unfair and unjust in comparison to the services paid regular pastors."

An overture from the New York State Synod requested the assembly "to urge upon all members of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A. as citizens, to favor and forward and obtain if possible in every State of the United States the enactment of such laws as shall invalidate any contract of remarriage of parties forbidden by law or by a decree of a court to remarry."

This question of divorce and remarriage was vigorously treated in the report of the Committee on Christian Life and Work. The committee proposed resolutions, which were adopted by the assembly, requiring all Presbyterian ministers to preach upon "the sanctity of marriage and the evils of divorce at least once every year," and committing the synod of the church to co-operate with all other bodies seeking more stringent and uniform divorce laws.

When the Rev. Dr. William Henry Roberts, stated clerk of the assembly and Chairman of the Committee on Church Co-operation and Union, read today the committee's report recommending closer relations between the Presbyterian Church and the Commission on Christian Unity of Disciples of Christ, one of the commissioners, or delegates, arose and said he could not vote for the resolution if the Roman Catholic and Mormon Churches were included, and Dr. Roberts was long and loudly applauded when he said: "They are not included. Only evangelical churches are included, and they are not evangelical. I, for one, never want them included."

In an address of welcome this morning the Rev. Dr. Henry Merle Mellen of this place criticised ex-Mayor Riddle's administration sharply. The Rev. Arthur Taylor of London, Secretary of the British and Foreign Bible Society, spoke on the society's work, and the Rev. John Fox of New York, Secretary of the American Bible Society, also spoke.

William Jennings Bryan will speak to the assembly three times on Sunday. John Wanamaker will also speak.


POST CARDS Largest selection and lowest prices in town.

Burr 2 Broadway

I. C. S. FREE EXHIBIT

31, NANKING ROAD.

For a few days only.

Open from ten to ten.

Brascolited

The New Light

BRASCOLITE

87 1/2% Perfect Daylight

Pure Soft White Light

Read this Testimonial just received from the well-known Tabaqueria Filipina.

*10th June, 1916*

*International Import & Export Co., Present.*

*Dear Sirs:*

*Before we decided to use your wonderful Brascolite, we used from 40 to 50 electric lamps in our store, for our windows and general office. We were, however, very dissatisfied with them because of the dull light they gave, and, moreover, the large amount of electricity consumed meant a big bill to pay. After your firm advertised the Brascolite we decided to install it in our store, and accordingly purchased two. We are pleased to say that our electricity bill has decreased to a great extent, and the powerful rays of the Brascolite are sufficient to make our windows and general office as well-lighted and brilliant in appearance as we could wish.*

*We have also heard from other firms that they much appreciate the Brascolite and have reason to think that it is no idle boast that Brascolite is the sun's only rival.*

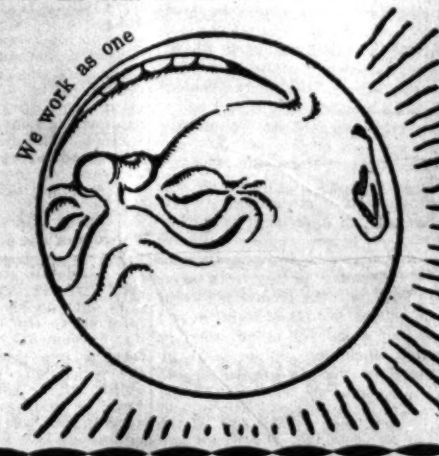
*Faithfully yours,*
*Tabaqueria Filipina.*
*34 Nanking Road.*

Call and see the New Daylight and arrange for a demonstration

**International Import and Export Co. (Inc.)**

28 Nanking Road

Tel. 1670




LET US DO YOUR WORRYING

It does not follow that because your motor car is cranky you must be also.

We have foreign experts who are paid to look after your motor troubles.

Patronize us and we will both save money

THE CENTRAL GARAGE CO., LTD.

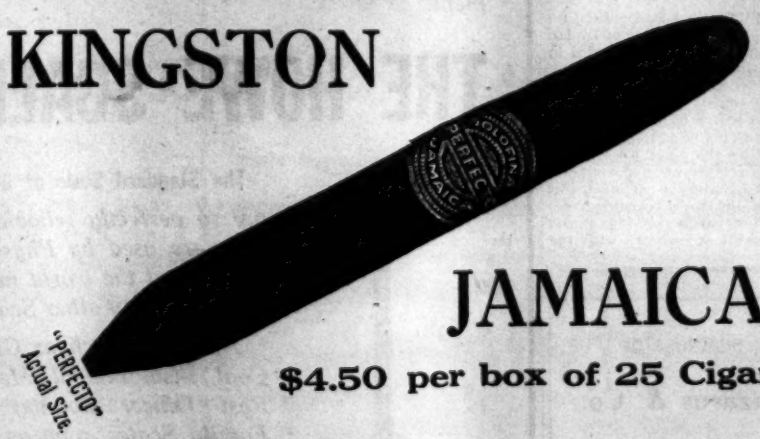
SHANGHAI AND HANKOW

2a Jinkee Road. Telephone 3809 (3 lines)

GOLOFINA "Perfecto" CIGARS

IMPORTED DIRECT FROM

KINGSTON




JAMAICA

$4.50 per box of 25 Cigars.

NOW ON SALE AT

ALL LEADING TOBACCONISTS.

British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd., Distributors, Bristol & London.

## -:- In the Courts -:-

**Opium Contracts in Dispute**

An adjournment was granted by Judge Sir Havilland de Sausmarez, in the British Supreme Court, yesterday, in the case in which Messrs. Hip Foong, an opium hong, are suing Messrs. H. Neotia and Co. Mr. H. P. Wilkinson appeared for plaintiffs and Mr. D. McNeill for defendants.

Following are the particulars of the claim and defence:—

1.—The plaintiffs are a Chinese hong or company and trading as merchants at Shanghai.

2.—The defendants are a British company carrying on business at Shanghai and dealing in opium.

3.—On divers dates between the 10th day of August, 1911 and the 14th day of February, 1912 the defendants entered into numerous contracts in writing with the plaintiffs for the sale to them of 169 cases of Indian opium at divers prices making in the aggregate the sum of Taels 595,730. To the originals of all the said contracts particulars of which are set out in the schedule, the plaintiffs crave leave to refer at the hearing of this action.

4.—At the times for the completion of the said contracts respectively it was verbally agreed between the parties that specific performance of the said contracts should be extended by reason of the facts that the opium trade in Shanghai was at a standstill through the revolution in China, civil disturbances and the restraint of Princes and the performance of the said contracts respectively was thereby suspended and on the 1st day of May next hereinafter referred to the said contracts were good and subsisting as between the parties thereto.

5.—On the 1st day of May, 1913 all the foreign opium merchants of Shanghai, collectively described as the Foreign Opium Merchants Combine, by reason of the said restraint and for the good consideration therein expressed entered into an agreement in writing, to which the defendants were an executing party, for mutual benefit, protection and assistance and to enable, inter alia, contracts theretofore entered into and then unfulfilled for the sale of opium in Shanghai to be carried out in accordance with the terms of the said agreement.

6.—In pursuance of the said agreement on the said 1st day of May, 1913, the committee of the said Foreign Opium Merchants Combine for and on behalf of the said merchants and duly authorised thereto entered into an agreement in writing with the Chinese Opium Guild (of which the plaintiffs are and were, on the said 1st day of May, 1913 members) and all the members thereof for the supervision and control and disposal of stocks of opium then in Shanghai including opium sold by importers bought by native merchants, members of the guild and others, and not taken delivery of and which had been registered at the office of the combine. To which two said agreements of the 1st day of May, 1913, which are still in force and effect the plaintiffs crave leave to refer.

7.—The defendants in pursuance of the said agreement made a return of outstanding contracts for the sale of opium theretofore made by them and registered the same at the office of the said combine and at that time acknowledged in writing that they had theretofore entered into the contracts in writing then still subsisting for the sale of the said 169 chests of Indian opium being the contracts pleaded in paragraph three hereof.

8.—Further, the plaintiffs in pursuance to the said agreement between the Foreign Opium Merchants Combine, and the Chinese Opium Guild made a return of outstanding contracts for the purchase of opium theretofore made by them and registered the same at the office of the guild and at the time acknowledged in writing that they had theretofore entered into contracts in writing then still subsisting for the purchase of 169 cases of Indian opium—being the contracts pleaded in paragraph 3 hereof.

9.—The defendants on demand by the plaintiffs have refused and still refuse and neglect to carry out the said contracts or any of them.

The plaintiffs therefore claim:—

1.—Specific performance of each and all of the said contracts particulars of which are set out in the schedule hereto annexed for delivery of 169 chests Indian opium in accordance with the terms of the said contracts respectively in so far as the said contracts or any of them remain unperformed.

2.—Or in the alternative Taels 633,645, damages for breach of the said contracts modified as aforesaid and unperformed being the difference on such contracts so modified and unperformed between the agreed price of the said 169 chests of Indian opium as stated in the contracts respectively sued upon and the sum payable up to the date for the filing of the writ in this action.

3—Costs.

4.—Such further or other relief as to this honorable court may seem meet.

**The Defence**

1.—In reply to paragraphs 1 and 2 of the statement of claim the defendants say that they are a British firm and not a British company, as alleged in the said paragraph 2; otherwise, they admit the said paragraphs.

2.—The defendants admit paragraph 3 of the statement of claim, except that the defendants say that the number of chests originally contracted for was 175 and not 169.

3.—The defendants deny paragraph 4 of the statement of claim and say that on or about November 2, 1912, the said contracts for 175 chests were cancelled upon the verbal request of the plaintiffs with the exception of a contract dated August 10, 1911, for 5 cases of new Patna (old duty) and a contract dated February 14, 1912, for 15 cases of new Benares (new duty) and 5 cases of new Patna (new duty).

4.—The defendants admit the agreement referred to in paragraph 5 of the statement of claim and that the defendants were parties thereto.

5.—The defendants admit paragraph 6 of the statement of claim.

6.—The defendants admit that they made a return of outstanding contracts to the Opium Combine as alleged in paragraph 7 of the statement of claim but not that on the 1st May, 1913, or on any other date subsequent to the cancellation herein before referred to they acknowledged to the plaintiffs either verbally or in writing that the contracts as alleged in paragraph 3 of the statement of claim were still subsisting.

7.—The defendants have no knowledge of the matters alleged in paragraph 8 of the statement of claim and they say that if such acknowledgment was made as is therein mentioned it was untrue if and in so far as it alleged that the contracts pleaded in paragraph 3 of the statement of claim were still subsisting.

8.—The defendants admit paragraph 9 of the statement of claim.

On the application of Mr. McNeill, his Lordship made an order for security for $2,500.

In opening his case, Mr. Wilkinson referred to the opium combine and its agreements, one between the foreign merchants themselves and the other with the Chinese opium guild, which counsel read. There were, he said, three classes of opium at the time of the combine: (a) opium already sold to and paid for by Chinese dealers, (b) opium contracted for by but not yet delivered to Chinese dealers, and (c) opium neither sold nor contracted for. The opium in the present case came in Class B. Among the signatories to the agreements were the defendants.

Mr. McNeill pointed out that he had only one defence. Either the contracts were cancelled or defendants had to perform them. Defendants said they did cancel them. It was an absolute question of fact.

Mr. Wilkinson thought it was absolutely necessary to go into the questions raised by the agreements as to cancellation.

His Lordship said he had already tried the meaning of the agreements in Tackey v. Purton.

Mr. Wilkinson said he had to go right through these to show the improbability, almost impossibility, of the contracts being cancelled.

His Lordship—A very large part of that has already been tried. There was a strong finding on the point of cancellation.

Mr. Wilkinson, reviewing the facts of the case, said plaintiffs were an old and responsible opium firm in Shanghai. He would confirm that by the evidence of Mr. Ezra and Mr. Howard. It was important because when they had a general state of affairs and general action taken by the Chinese and foreign merchants the fact that plaintiffs were well-known, solid, and respectable made it all the more probable that their action would be in accordance with that of the others in the matter.

It would also render improbable and unlikely any regular cancellation of the contract on account of any special inability by plaintiffs to carry out their obligations. Plaintiffs were like all other opium merchants at the time, in a very bad fix in so far as no matter what their capital if they bought opium then they would only be paying for trouble. Chinese opium merchants here bought, not so much for retail here as for sending up country for disposal.

The fact that the Chinese merchants could not send opium up country was so well known to the defendants and others that no serious effort was made to make them carry out their contracts.

His Lordship—It comes to this, that, at a certain date, somewhere about the end of October, 1912, the opium business got into such a state that, unless something definite was done, it was to be presumed that, by the consent of everybody, things would be allowed to slide and the contracts continued to exist.

Mr. Wilkinson continued that the attitude of the Chinese merchants was that they could not and would not pay because they could not be supplied with opium to send up country. He did not say it was absolutely impossible that the contracts would be cancelled but there would have to be some special particular reason.

Mr. E. I. Ezra, in answer to Mr. Wilkinson, said that, following the revolution in 1911, were the opium suppression campaign and the breaking of treaties. In most of the foreign firms the compradore guaranteed the contracts and the customary four months in which to take delivery continued during the troublous time, without anything definite being laid down. Contracts were still occasionally made during 1911 and 1912, and when the combine was formed it took in all outstanding memos.

Interest bills were quite frequently sent out in the early months of the contract but later dropped. The plaintiff firm was well known and witness had dealings with it; he had to cancel none of their contracts. On account of the bad times the foreign and Chinese firms met and endeavored to have deliveries taken under some of the contracts.

Witness said that in November, 1912, the merchants were pressing the dealers to take delivery.

"The dealers would reply: "If you like you can cancel; we don't care a bit."

"The whole trade in bargained stock," witness continued, "was practically cancelled at the time. We could not get anybody to take delivery." In addition to the foreign returns, the combine required a return of the bargained chests held by the Chinese guild. If the contracts for bargained opium were cancelled, the opium would go into the unsold stocks.

Witness cancelled some contracts in 1912. He wrote his constituents a letter informing them he would cancel the contracts and they confirmed it. Others declined to cancel. He would have liked to cancel the whole lot if he could. Ten days prior to the formation of the combine, the Chinese demanded the waiver of all outstanding interest.

The proprietor of the plaintiff hong said he first dealt with the defendant firm shortly after it was begun. That was in 1911. The defendants had been well recommended to him and he entered into the contracts which were being sued upon. The contracts were made with foreigners. Delivery was not taken under these contracts.

The only records of the contracts were in the defendant's books, though he had entries of them in his own books. He had also entries in his books of resales which witness had to carry out. Witness had two interest bills presented but he did not pay anything and nothing was said to him.

The same occurred in connection with other firms. The receipt of an interest bill from the defendants was a matter of surprise to him. It was not true that on November 2, 1912, there was any cancellation of the contracts agreed to between himself and the defendants.

Plaintiff denied having seen one of defendants' books with the word "cancelled" written across the contract. He had had no conversation with defendants about cancellation. Defendants' compradore books agreed with those of witness about the contracts. There was nothing in these books about cancellation. He never received any notification that if he did not pay the interest, etc., the contracts would be cancelled.

Cross-examined—Two references to transfers in defendants' books did not mean cancellation. These referred to 163 chests, the amount mentioned in the statement of claim. Under these writings, the chests were transferred to Neotia and Co. His hong had been doing business for about forty years, always in opium.

It was started by a friend of witness. After that friend had been in business about twenty years he asked witness to become a partner. Witness was then aged 21 or 22. Later witness became manager and proprietor. He was proprietor but there were a few shares held by others. He had been a member of the Opium Guild for 12 or 14 years.

Q.—Can you tell me why your name was not in a list furnished to Messrs. Neotia and Co. by the Opium Guild in 1912? A.—It was there. It was always there.

There was another firm with a very similar name of good reputation. The reputation of his firm was better than the other's.

The case was adjourned.

**Zih Yuen-sze v. David**

The adjourned return day was taken in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday, before Sir H. de Sausmarez, Chief Judge, in a claim by Zih Yuen-sze against Evelyn David in which plaintiff claimed $45,985.74 and Tls. 1,712.83, payable by defendant to plaintiff for money paid by plaintiff for defendant at his request.

Mr. H. P. Wilkinson appeared for plaintiff and Mr. D. McNeill for defendant.

Mr. McNeill said he had filed the affidavit suggested by his Lordship. His learned friend had only received a copy yesterday afternoon.

His Lordship said he would grant Mr. Wilkinson an adjournment to give him an opportunity to file an affidavit in reply.

Mr. Wilkinson said he would ask for a further adjournment to consider the advisability of his client getting other counsel.

His Lordship—The point is that it possibly may be inconvenient for your client to be represented by you as you may have other duties. I shall certainly give you a week's adjournment.

Mr. McNeill applied that the security of $250 be increased. He did not think it was sufficient.

Mr. Wilkinson said there was no doubt about the man's existence and identity and that he was not a British subject.

The application was also adjourned until the next hearing.


And thus I clothe my naked villainy with odd old ends stol'n forth of Holy Writ:

And seem a saint, when most I play the devil.

**SEE "THE HYPOCRITES"**



**"The Richest of all Tinned Milks Tested"**

Says the Committee on Infant and Invalid Diet of the Medical Missionary Association of China

**LOOK AT THESE BEFORE BUYING !**

Spalding's.
Wright and Ditson's
Bancroft's
Harry Lee's
Slazenger's

PRICES THAT ARE RIGHT

**Squires, Bingham Co.**
17a Nanking Road
"The Store of Quality"



**For paper of any kind**
See
"The EKMAN Foreign Agencies, Ltd.
Succrs. to OLOF WIJK & Co."
No. 6, Kiangse Road



**Have You A Scale In Your Bathroom?**

*No modern Bathroom is complete without a handsomely finished Scale. To keep a correct account of any loss or gain in weight is important and always desired while under medical treatment.*

**THE HOWE SCALES**

**The Standard Scale of China,**

*are so perfectly reliable that they are used by Physicians throughout the world in preference to any other Scale.*

*All types, such as Grocer, Coal, Fish, Freight, Medical, Post Office, Counter and Family Scales, now on view at our Salesrooms.*

**Illustrated catalogue mailed free**

*Specifications for special types receive careful attention.*

**Mustard and Company**
22 Museum Road, Shanghai. Tel. 5491.
Sole Agents for China.



THE BUSINESS OF

**N. Lazarus & Co.**

Opticians

566 NANKING ROAD

Is now under the management of

**Mr. H. TOBIAS**

F. S. M. C. (Eng.) who holds the Diploma for optics of the Worshipful Co. of Spectacle Makers, London, the Late Professor Sylvanus Thompson being the chief examiner for the above Diploma.



**"THE HYPOCRITES"**

A FILM FOR REFLECTION

WILL BE SCREENED AT THE

**VICTORIA THEATRE**

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY

JUNE 26. 27. 28. 29

**BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S**

**BOOK EARLY**

## Tomorrow's Cricket

A cricket match, Club vs. Shanghai, will be played at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon on the S. C. C. grounds.

The following will represent their repective teams:—

1st XI S. C. C.:—Messrs. G. M. Billings (Capt.), W. C. G. Clifford, H. Middleton, W. H. Moule, E. W. Stagg, E. G. Tait, W. C. D. Turner, C. C. Whitehead, C. E. Whitamore, L. R. Wheen and A. E. Lanning.

Reserve:—S. Wheeler.

Shanghai's Team.—Messrs. W. J. Haynes (Capt.), Capt. E. I. M. Barrett, J. Quayle, E. Fry, H. B. Ollerdessen, T. Main, F. Milner, A. A. Claxton, T. W. R. Wilson, J. J. Ellis and A. N. Other.

**2nd XI S.C.C. v. Hanbury Old Boys**

On the Widow's Monument ground.

The following will represent the S. C. C.

Messrs. S. Wheeler, C. L. W. Bailey, W. E. Anderson, B. L. Cheetham, J. Cockin, A. J. Daniels, T. G. Smeaton, J. H. Teesdale, P. T. Hollander, W. J. Monk and E. O. Cumming (Capt.).

Reserve:—G. C. Ross.

**2nd XI S.C.C. v. S.N.R.C.C.**

A match has been arranged for this evening commencing at 5.15 p.m., each side to bat 40 minutes.

The following will represent the S. C. C.

Messrs. E. O. Cumming (Capt.), R. A. Bell, D. Cooke, W. C. Foster, P. T. Hollander, A. H. Leslie, Dr. F. M. Nield, F. Pentycross, W. K. Stanion, C. E. M. Thomson and C. A. S. Williams.

Reserves:—E. P. Graham-Barrow; J. Tippin, E. Toeg.

## Lawn Bowls

The draw for the second round of the Lawn Bowls Club rink competition, which is to be held at 4.30 p.m. tomorrow, took place last evening with the following result:—

| | |
|---|---|
| R. A. Lawson (skip) | J. C. Thomson (skip) |
| S. Hammond | D. Mennie |
| A. W. Dewhurst | J. Frost |
| R. Simmons | Dr. J. W. Ross |
| D. M. Graham (skip) | L. Evans (skip) |
| H. B. Stewart | E. Hunter |
| W. J. Vine | J. Scotson |
| C. W. Marshall | W. J. Grey |
| G. H. Phillips (skip) | A. D. Bell (skip) |
| D. MacDonald | J. J. Sheridan |
| C. E. Pearson | J. Valentine |
| E. M. Reid | J. B. Grant |

Mr. O. Crewe-Read's rink drew a bye.

**Mr. Gray's Team v. Mr. Fowler's**

This match will be played at 4.30 p.m. tomorrow, and the teams will be:—

| Mr. Gray's Team. | Mr. Fowler's Team. |
|---|---|
| A. Gray (skip) | H. H. Fowler (skip) |
| A. G. Mossop | J. P. Lowe |
| G. R. Wingrove | H. Browett |
| E. Wheen | E. Payne |
| O. Crewe-Read (skip) | J. T. Disselduff (skip) |
| W. A. Ogden | G. Dunlop |
| V. Grundy | F. Large |
| D. MacGregor | F. B. Walker |
| E. C. Emmett (skip) | J. C. Macdougall (skip) |
| B. Hunting | A. T. Wignall |
| J. B. Grant | F. A. Sampson |
| W. J. Gande | J. C. Galletly |
| C. M. Bain (skip) | W. N. C. Allen (skip) |
| J. Ross Young | J. Park |
| H. M. Gorton | Dr. W. H. Rees |
| A. Samson | W. Dutton |

## Baseball

For tomorrow a game has been arranged between the Brooklyn and the Shanghai teams. Play will be started at 3 p.m. For Sunday a double-header between Cincinnati and Brooklyn is billed.

## CROWN PRINCE'S NERVES

Geneva, May 26.—The Bale Volksblatt learns from Alsace that, owing to a serious nervous strain, the Crown Prince, though at the German Headquarters, has not taken an active part in the direction of operations against Verdun during the past week. His condition occasions no anxiety.

I. C. S. FREE EXHIBIT
31, NANKING ROAD.
For a few days only.
Open from ten to ten.
Brascolited

Clearance Sale
previous to removal
25% off on all purchases
SING FAT & Co.
3a Nanking Road

# 'Preparedness' in Australia ◎ School Boys Boxing

Australia is one spot on this little earth that believes in "preparedness." So strong has this idea gained foothold in the Antipodes that boxing is taught in the public schools. The accompanying picture shows a section of a large athletic field in Sydney, where on bright days several thousand school boys indulge in the "manly art of self-defense."

Boxing is more popular in Australia than it is in the United States or England, and the regular weekly bouts in Sydney, Melbourne and Brisbane stadiums are always well attended.

## NO SHORTAGE OF MEN IS GERMAN STATEMENT

London, May 27.—The following German statements have reached the newspapers of neutral countries, says The Times of today:

Our enemies are still deceiving themselves and trying to deceive neutrals, particularly Rumania and Greece, to say nothing of America, with fables about the exhaustion of our supply of men. Germany is overfull of men awaiting the call to which ever part of the front they are needed. These are not raw boys nor decrepit middle-aged men, but strong, fit, healthy men, ranging in age from 30 to 37, belonging to both Landwehr and Landsturm.

There has never been any need, and there never will be need, to send into the trenches men of over 40 unless they themselves volunteer for service and possess the requisite physical fitness. Men of over 40 and up to 45 have been mobilized merely for the lines of communication and other non-combatant duties, so that the men under 40 are available for active service. Nor is there any danger as to the supply. The number of young men fit for military service of the most active kind can be assessed with perfect safety at 360,000. Thirty thousand recruits a month are assured from this source so long as the war lasts.

The French General Staff in its communique of May 19 refers somewhat contemptuously to the use as reserves of wounded men who have been cured and sent back to the front. Fully 85 per cent. of German soldiers wounded in this war are fit to resume the most arduous military duties within nine months of being wounded. We have at this moment fully 1,500,000 men who have been wounded, but who will be able to go back to the front. At the present time one may say that 1,000,000 of them are ready at any moment, while 500,000 will be approaching renewed fitness as each month goes by.

## *Casement's Defender Predicts Big Surprise*

Atlantic City, May 22.—"I do not think Sir Roger Casement will ever be executed," said Michael Francis Doyle, of Philadelphia, today. He will defend the knight.

"There will be a tremendous surprise in the trial. The outcome of the case will establish a precedent that will be historical."

## FOOD DICTATOR'S FEARS

**Friction Already Apparent Between German Federal States**

Amsterdam, May 26.—According to the newspapers, the President of the German Food Supply Board, Herr Batocki, made a short speech before the chief Budget Committee of the Reichstag. He warned the House not to expect any sudden change or improvement of conditions. Of special importance was the close co-operation of the new Board with the authorities of the Federal States, the Army, and the civil administration.

"Great difficulties," he said, "are arising out of the relations of the Federal States. From Wurttemberg menacing letters have reached me already protesting against the sucking dry of Wurttemberg by Prussia. Without the ready co-operation of the authorities of the Feredal States, their organisations, and the entire population cannot be successful."

In the course of his speech before the Budget Committee Herr Batocki also said: "The Army must first be provided for, and only then can the civil population be considered. The most difficult task will be the provisioning of the large towns. Whether this provisioning will be more or less difficult depends on the result of the harvest. The bad harvest of 1914 and the still worse one of last year were the cause of the situation which we deplore today."

The Lokal-Anzeiger states that in Berlin and suburbs there has been for some days a remarkable shortage of eggs. An official statement issued to the German Press says: "The consumption of meat must be restricted in order to guarantee sufficient cattle for slaughter and milking in the spring and winter."

## *Can't Hasten Peace, Wilson Writes Pope*

Rome, May 22.—The Agenia Nazionale learns in Catholic circles that President Wilson wrote to the Pope that he was anxious to avoid a conflict with Germany, but was unwilling to renounce the principles of humanity sanctioned by international laws.

Regarding his intervention in favor of peace, President Wilson says it is impossible for the United States to hasten with words the questions which must be solved by deeds. For the present Government regards as impossible any peace move.

Hypocrisy is the homage paid by vice to virtue

SEE "THE HYPOCRITES"

JUST RECEIVED
A New Shipment
of
Summer Carpet Mats
Beautiful Designs
Sizes 9 x 12 12 x 12 15 x 12
Call early
MARQUES, CHANG & PEREIRA CO.
128A Szechuen Road.

MOTOR CAR INSURANCE

For Liberal Conditions and Moderate Rates Apply To
Java Sea & Fire Insurance Company
Shanghai Branch Office: 8b, Kiukiang Road: Tel. 70

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION
FIREBRICKS
Fireclay and Special Blocks
Salt Glazed Stoneware Pipes
Glazed Tiles in Various Designs and Colours
Offices: No. 1, Jinkee Road, Shanghai
and C. Monbaron, Hankow

"FREEZOR" FANS
DESK—OSCILLATING—CEILING TYPES

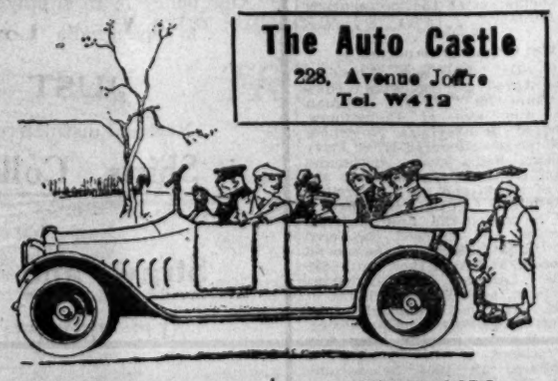


"FREEZOR" fans give a strong cool breeze, and the three-speed regulator in base allows ample control for any temperature. Noisy running noticeable in many makes is conspicuously absent from a "Freezor"

Large Stocks of All Sizes and Types, to suit both Settlements and Outports

The General Electric Co. [of China], Ltd.
(Shanghai—Hongkong—Hankow—London)
TELEPHONES 1608 & 1606
TELEGRAMS "GENLECTRIC"
7 JINKEE ROAD, SHANGHAI.

The Auto Castle
228, Avenue Joffre
Tel. W412



REPAIRS
Strict and prompt attention to Repairing, under European supervision

MOTOR-CARS
New and Second - hand Motor Cars for sale at low prices

THE CHINA PRESS
Is printed on paper bought from
"The EKMAN Foreign Agencies, Ltd.
Succrs. to OLOF WIJK & Co."
No. 6, Klangse Road

MARKT GARAGE
89-91 Rue Montauban
REPAIR WORK CAREFULLY EXECUTED
Any Make Of Cars
WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION
Body Building and Painting Undertaken
BRING YOUR CAR TO US FOR AN ESTIMATE

LUX and a LASSIE!

LUX will dress every lassie in beautiful soft, white, fleecy woollens. And every lassie's mother will find that Lux pays for itself over and over again by the fabrics and textures it preserves.

Lux is the acme of Laundry refinement. It coaxes rather than forces the dirt from the clothes. It gives a lather rich and cream-like, in which dainty hands and dainty fabrics need never fear immersion.

Lux makes an excellent shampoo for the hair inasmuch as it leaves the scalp beautifully clean and the hair soft and silky.

WON'T SHRINK WOOLLENS.

LEVER BROTHERS (CHINA) LIMITED, 4, Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

DRINK
Coca-Cola
at Sullivan's
ALSO IN BOTTLES
Sullivan's Fine Candies
No. 11 Nanking Road.

THE CHARLES H. BROWN PAINT Co.
PAINTS
ENAMELS VARNISHES

of all descriptions, guaranteed 100% pure
Sole Agents.
美豐公司
THE CHINA AMERICAN TRADING Co. [Inc.]
TIENTSIN, CHINA

# The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

HOME OFFICE, Ford Building, Wilmington, Delaware, U. S. A.

Address all Communications to THE CHINA PRESS

Publication Office Canton and Kiangse Rd., S'hai
Editorial Offices..Canton and Kiangse Rd., S'hai
New York Office.....World Building
Washington Bureau Metropolitan Bank Building
Peking Bureau....Russo-Asiatic Bank Building
Berlin Office.....10 Friedrichstrasse
Tokyo Bureau.....Japan Advertiser Building

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year...Mex.$20.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY four Months 7.50
SUNDAY, per Year ..... 7.00

Mailed to Outports, 50 cents per month, or Mex. $6.00 per year extra.

Mailed to foreign countries the cost of postage will be added.

Street Sales—Daily 10 cents per copy: Sunday 20 cents per copy.

Entered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission with "special marks" privileges in China.

Entered as second-class mail matter at U. S. Postal Department, Washington, D. C.

Entered as a newspaper at the Japanese P. O.

Telephone—1432 Business Office.
1433 Editorial Department.

Telegraph Address—NATPRESS SHANGHAI.

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers


WEATHER

*Gloomy and misty weather in our regions.. Rough weather on the north-western parts of the China Sea.*

SHANGHAI, JUNE 23, 1916

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

## The Australian Prophet

*(New York Times)*

BRITANNIA has found a prophet. His name is Hughes, called the "Labor" Premier of Australia. Throughout England crowds run in his footsteps. The day of his departure will be one of mourning. He is entreated to postpone it and finish the task of heartening the people. The papers are full of him, his goings and comings, his sayings, his doings. In Glasgow he insists upon riding in a tram driven by a woman, with a woman conductor, and that alone is a wonderful thing. Tall headlines are built upon it. There is never a day when he hasn't headlines. They run at random: "Mr. Hughes on Organizing the Empire," "Mr. Hughes on How to Win," "Mr. Hughes on British Aims," "Mr. Hughes in the City," freedom of which is conferred upon him; "Mr. Hughes in Scotland," and so on.

At Glasgow were scoffers, as is good for a prophet. He was to address the Trade Union Congress there, and some of the delegates protested. What message had he for workers? Was he not in England with a propaganda of protection and aggressive imperialism, which had been for years the curse of the labor movement? Had he not been repudiated, in fact, by the Labor Party of his own country, Australia? But scoffers deserve their ancient fate. The inspired are irresistible. Mr. Hughes was admitted. It was not at all what he said; it was his saying of it. He said: "There is no great achievement that stands to the credit of trade unionism here or in Australia but will crumble to its fall if the issue of the war is declared against us." Others had been saying the same thing, in words having exactly the same sound, but Hughes said it, and the hall quaked with applause. He has power to command the emotions of a crowd. He says: "The British race has found its soul," and strong men weep.

It is an interesting phenomenon. Hughes stands for the supremacy of the British race, for the articulation of empire for tariff protection against Germany, for striking the knife to the economic heart of the enemy and keeping it there, for union and federation for ever. All these things have now a great emotional appeal, but that does not account for Hughes. He brings to his subject no special thought. There is nothing new in the content of what he says. One must look for something else—something in the spirit of it, and that, perhaps, is youth. Age will parley and take its time. Youth is ultimate. See how it dealt with the German influence in Australia's business. It "purged," says Hughes, "every company of German shareholders, whether they were born German or naturalized. There was only one way to deal with such a situation—to do it with such thoroughness that the Germans would avoid this country as though it were the very plague." All German-tainted shares were sold at the market price, by order of the Australian Government, which said: "Let them have their pound of flesh and in God's name be gone."

The British people shall inherit their own traditions. Hughes says it and gives them wonderfully sentimental pictures of themselves. To the wounded New Zealand and Australian soldiers who had survived the stupid Gallipoli campaign, gathered at a luncheon in London on Anzac day, he said: "On the shining wings of your valor we were lifted up to heights we had never seen; you taught us truths we never knew; you inspired us to a newer and wider and nobler concept of life." The English were swept by emotion. He has a vision of war: "Into a world saturated with a lust of material things, which had elevated self into a deity, which had made wealth the standard of greatness, comes the sweet, purifying breath of self-sacrifice." He believes in the mother race. He praises it to the full of its hunger. It has passed in trial through a fiery furnace and is "yet, despite conditions that would long ago have plunged lesser men into the abyss of degeneracy, full of the ancient valor of our race." Then he scolds it, as one may who loves it. For all its greatness, it must be greater. That is not to say it is inefficient, or that it muddles things. It was unprepared, for reasons reflecting credit upon its heart, but now it must come awake and have the will to conquer. He is full of sense. He knows his way in crowd psychology. First praise a crowd and then tell it the bitter truth. First persuade it that you believe in it, give it its ego full, and then it will cheer its own indictment. So doing, Hughes, Premier of Australia, has produced a profound impression in Great Britain.

His triumph there has created mixed sensations elsewhere, especially in Canada. The Toronto correspondent of The London Times admits that his utterances have received adverse criticism in Canada, where there are many extreme "autonomists" to whom the project of British federation is distasteful. The Toronto Globe suggests that a centralized War Department for the British Empire could order Canada to provide an army for operations against the United States in the hypothetical event of a war between Japan and the United States, Great Britain taking the part of her Asiatic ally. But that is for purposes of argument only. Even The Globe admits that new and closer relations between the mother country and the Dominions after the war now seem to be inevitable. That is what Hughes means. He speaks in hyperbole for effect.

## MAKING YOUR WILL

*By Frederic J. Haskin*

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 9.—Have you made your will? This is the latest phase of the thrift propaganda sweeping the country. Having learned how to save money and accumulate property, we are now being taught how to dispose of them. Banks are issuing booklets to their depositors advising them to make wills; papers on the subject are read before business men's meetings, and everywhere the importance of making an adequate legal will is being emphasized. And, according to legal authorities, there is great need for such instruction.

A man's will, in a sense, is a summary of his success or failure in life, not only in the conquest of material things but in the development of himself. It represents his gift to posterity, and by the manner in which the gift is made is judged the character of the man. All the small qualities of a person's nature, such as malice, envy, jealousy, revenge and spite, are at once apparent in his will. As William Hazlitt said: "All that we seem to think of is to manage matters so (in settling accounts with those who are so unmannerly as to survive us) as to do as little good and to plague and disappoint as many people as possible."

But aside from any vagaries of the disposition, the economic question of wills is highly important. It is estimated that nearly ninety-eight per cent of the American population leaves no wills at all, and that fifty per cent of those made are for some legal reason impotent. A man will carefully divide his million dollar estate into ten parts and then forget to mention one of the parts. Another will make a will in the state of Michigan, disposing of property in Michigan, Missouri and South Carolina, and have it witnessed by two persons. He has failed to look into the laws of South Carolina, which require three witnesses, thereby making the will void so far as the property is concerned in that state.

A will does not necessarily have to be technically worded, so long as the intention of the testator is clear, but certain technicalities should be observed in order to prevent any friction in the courts. For much precious time is wasted in the attempt to fathom such problems as what Mr. Jones meant in bequeathing to his daughter his property lying south of a certain road when the road itself runs north and south.

In the first place, all former wills should be revoked in a special clause in the document; otherwise, they will still be valid before the court. Suggestions as to funeral arrangements should be made, such as the desired place of interment, the kind of monument, and so on; and there should also be a specific provision for the payment of debts, giving the executor authority to sell a portion of the estate for the purpose, if necessary. Bequests to wives, children and relatives should be stated in clear language and so described that the court will have no difficulty in locating the property.

If a man is unmarried he should state it solemnly and emphatically in his will; there are often numerous impecunious females willing to insist that they were married to him in order to claim a share of the estate. It is useless for a married man to try to cut off his wife completely; under the law she is entitled to her share of the property. It is a curious fact that in spite of this well-known statute many men seek to make the entire income of their widows conditional on their remaining single.

A will should not be made in the last rally of a fatal sickness when the mind is apt to be confused and the usual perspective befuddled. Instead, every person who has anything to bequeath at all should make a will disposing of it when he is in good health and sound mental condition. If only one or two persons are mentioned as beneficiaries, the task is an easy one, but if the will contains endowments, trusts, life interests, etc., the most expert legal advice should be obtained in drawing up the document. The signature should be witnessed by at least two persons, not named as beneficiaries of the will.

While unfair and incompetent wills often cause great hardship to the persons for whom they should be most designed to benefit and protect, there is nothing quite so unjust as the absence of any will at all. In this event the court settles the estate in accordance with the laws of the state, with no regard for certain personal claims that deserve reward. For example, in Pennsylvania a family of five children was turned out from home when the father married again. The oldest child, a boy of twenty, took the others to the house of his married sister and himself went to work in a large factory to support them. Three years later, the boy was killed in an accident, leaving over a thousand dollars in his savings account. There was no will. But under the law, the father was entitled to a share in the money, which claim he immediately took advantage of, the married sister and other children getting practically nothing.

Another case in point is that of an old man past sixty who was recently left destitute in a small New York community owing to the lack of a will. When a small boy of eight he was adopted by a farmer and his wife who had just married their daughter to a wealthy landowner of a nearby town. Though an only child, the daughter had never gotten along well with her parents, being possessed of a morbid, discontented nature easily dispensed with on the farm. The small boy, who enjoyed numerous freckles and a sunny disposition, soon won the affection of the couple. As he grew into his teens, the farmer died and the boy took over the farming of the whole place and later became village postmaster as a sort of sideline to help pay off the mortgage.

After many years of hard work in which the mortgage became a thing of the past and the farm tripled its income, the boy's foster mother also died, leaving no will. The boy, who was then fifty-six years old himself, was compelled to give up the farm, that by his own efforts he had tripled in value, to the married daughter who now claimed the entire estate. The only redress he had was to file a claim for wages during the time he had managed the farm, which was met by a counter-claim of the daughter's for board and lodging during that period. That was four years ago, but the case has not yet been settled, for it takes time to get these things through the courts. In the meantime, this man is in ruined health and subsisting on the charity of sympathetic friends and acquaintances.

From this it may be seen that making a will is the duty of every person. The legacy tax is not enough to deter the average American, and superstition is a relic of the Middle Ages. A will is the crowning achievement of a man's life, a thing that carries personality so that a hundred years from now the race may regard it critically and read the character of the man who wrote it. Thus the will of William Shakespeare describes him much more accurately than do any of his portraits, as do the wills of Mary Stewart, Henry VIII and George Washington. So when the thrift propagandists urge the making of wills upon Americans, they are not only aiding an economic necessity, but the building of a record of personalities for the edification of future psychologists and anthropologists.

## War Questions Answered

*(New York Times)*

**Belgian Marriage Laws**

W. A. S.—Is it true that Belgium before the war did not accept any marriage made by Belgians with foreigners, outside of Belgium?

No. Marriages celebrated in foreign lands between Belgians, or marriages between Belgians and foreigners, according to the formalities of the countries in which such marriages are contracted, are and have been valid. There are, of course, certain general conditions, such as age, consent, close relationship, &c., which must be observed.

**Afghanistan**

M. A. H.—The State of Afghanistan has no foreign relations with any country at all except British India. The Governor General of British India has a personal representative at Kabul, the capital of Afghanistan. The present agent is Malik Talib Mehdi Khan.

**Belgium and the 1870 Treaties**

C. S.—What was the object of the second treaty signed by Prussia and France in 1870, guaranteeing the neutrality of Belgium for one year?

C. C. J.—Kindly give the terms of the agreement that England entered into with regard to Belgium and Belgian neutrality in 1870?

The matter of the treaties of 1870 in regard to Belgium is made plain by the following "documentary" information:

On April 19, 1839, a treaty was signed by Austria, England, France, Germany, and Russia, guaranteeing the independence of Belgium. In July, 1870, war broke out between Germany and France. There was danger, therefore, of the disruption of the treaty of 1839. Belgium declared her neutrality in the ensuing struggle. Belgium's position between the two belligerents was strategic. The question of the maintenance of that country's independence and the recognition of its neutrality was thus of great importance. On July 25, 1870, Count Bismarck caused to be published in The London Times the project of a secret treaty between France and Prussia, the main point of which was that, in return for certain concessions, Prussia was to connive at the French conquest of Belgium and give her active assistance to the annexation of Belgium by the French Emperor.

There was intense excitement in England, and it was felt that some action must be taken immediately. In order, therefore, to prevent any difficulty and save Belgium from any sacrifice, the Gladstone Government entered into a secret treaty with each of the belligerents. The treaties provided that if the armies of either of the belligerents should, in the course of the operations of the war, violate the neutrality of Belgium as secured by the terms of the quintuple treaty of 1839, England should co-operate with the other belligerent in defense of that neutrality.

It was also specified that England did not by this treaty engage herself to take part in the general operations of the war then in progress. The treaty was to hold good during the continuance of the war and for one year after the ratification of any treaty of peace; at the expiration of that time the contracting parties were to resume the obligations which they had assumed under the treaty of 1839. The treaty signed between England and France and the one signed between England and Germany were identical. Copies of the treaties may be found in Hansard's Parliamentary Debates (Series 3, Vol. 243, column 1,759 for Prussia and column 1,776-1,777 for France.) It is interesting to note that the treaties were not concluded with the sanction of Belgium, the English Government carefully refraining from making Belgium party to either compact. Gladstone (column 1,790) defended the course of the Government in this respect on two grounds: (1) Belgium was not a party to the treaty of 1839, and (2) the Government did not wish to put Belgium in a false position in the event of one of the parties not agreeing to the proposals.

England was interested in Belgium for several reasons.

(1) The integrity of Belgium was important to England for political reasons. There was nothing to fear from Belgium, there might be if a stronger power was in control of the coast.

(2) The commercial importance to England of having Belgium free. Belgium was not a menace to English trade, nor to its control of the Channel.

(3) The King of the Belgians was Queen Victoria's maternal uncle. Both were strongly attached to each other. There was, therefore, a personal tie.

(4) England's desire to preserve the balance of power and prevent aggrandizement of any power.

(5) England's desire to impress on Europe the fact that she was eager to uphold the treaty of 1839.

**The Treaty of 1839**

C. C. J.—Has England entered into any treaty with Belgium by which she guaranteed Belgium against foreign invasion? What were the terms of agreement that England entered into with regard to the neutrality of Belgium in 1839?

The treaty of 1839, by which England stood as one of the guarantors of the "perpetual neutrality" of the "independent State" of Belgium, was not, technically speaking, "entered into" with Belgium, but with Prussia, France, Russia, and Austria. By that treaty, signed April 19, 1839, these powers became the guarantors of the treaty concluded on that same day between the King of Holland and the King of the Belgians. This treaty provided that "Belgium forms an independent State of perpetual neutrality," and the powers, in signing it as guarantors, both forbade Belgium to take the part of any of the belligerents in case of war, and promised to protect Belgian neutrality if violated by any belligerent.

**Diplomatic Breaks**

M. E.—I think I have read recently that the breaking off of diplomatic relations between two countries does not necessarily mean war. Can you give me an historic instance of such a situation?

The latest notable instance on record is the situation between the United States and Mexico in 1914-1915. Refusing to recognize the Provisional President of Mexico the United States had no Ambassador in that country, and received no Ambassador from Mexico. But war did not result, and when we were apparently on the verge of hostilities it was not due to the break in diplomatic relations.

It is possible however, that you may have been thinking, not of the complete severance of diplomatic relations between two countries, but of the recall of a diplomatic representative, who has proved himself individually unwelcome, at the request of the country to which he is accredited. That happens, as in the present situation between the United States and Austria, with no official relation to international affairs.

In regard to the complete severance of relations between two countries, you may be interested to note that various South American nations have from time to time broken off diplomatic relations, sometimes for protracted periods, with European States.

**The Zabern Incident**

Joseph Kaden.—The following summary of "the whole Zabern incident in 1913-14," to quote your question, is taken from the New International Year Book:

"Zabern, a quiet little town of Alsace, garrisoned by the Ninety-ninth Infantry, had been terribly excited by the brutal attitude of the German soldiers. Lieutenant von Forstner, a young nobleman, remarked that he would be willing to give 10 Marks out of his own pocket to any German soldier who would run his bayonet through an Alsatian blackguard. In spite of popular indignation, von Forstner was upheld by his superiors, Colonel von Reutter and General von Deimling, with the result that German soldiers were hooted at by the French populace, and von Forstner was afraid to appear in the streets without a Corporal's guard. The young nobleman still further earned the hatred of the town by striking with his sword a lame shoemaker who had laughed at him in the street. . . .

"When questioned on December 1, the Chancellor said he would give full explanations later. On December 3 he was interpellated on the subject. In the meantime the Minister of War, von Falkenhayn, had obtained the Emperor's instructions to uphold the army without compromise or apology. . . . On the following day all parties except the Conservatives joined in a vote of no confidence. The trouble might have been averted by a prompt removal of the offensive von Forstner; it was now lessened by promises that the officers would be court-martialed. In order to prevent further outbreaks the troops were removed from Zabern."

Herr von Bethmann Hollweg did not resign as Chancellor; his position depended solely upon the prerogative of the Emperor, to whom, and not to the Parliament, he was responsible. As for the punishment of the offending officers, we quote again:

"Late in December, 1913, the court martial sentenced Lieutenant von Forstner to forty-three days' imprisonment for violence and abuse of military privilege. Early in January the court martial acquitted Colonel von Reutter of the charge of improper usurpation of police power, which had been brought against him for supporting young von Forstner. Colonel von Schad, also involved in the case, was likewise acquitted. Furthermore, a superior court martial shortly afterward acquitted von Forstner, on appeal from the lower court. It was an unqualified triumph for the military aristocracy. In order to prevent further trouble in Zabern, the obnoxious young Lieutenant was transferred to a command in Prussian Poland, and Colonel von Reutter was given command of a distinguished grenadier regiment at Frankfort-on-Oder.

"The Zabern incident came up for discussion in the Reichstag in January, as well as in the legislatures of Alsace-Lorraine, Prussia, Bavaria, and Baden, but protests were futile.

"In April the Prussian Government published a new regulation for troops under Prussian military administration regarding the use of arms in time of peace, and serving to give at least a clearer definition of the prerogatives of the military."

**The German Chancellor**

J. H.—Dr. Theobold Theodore Frederic Alfred von Bethmann Hollweg, Chancellor of the German Empire, was born at Honenfinow, Province of Brandenburg, November 26, 1856, the second son of H. E. Privy Chancellor Felix von Bethmann Hollweg. He was educated at the College of Pforta and the Universities of Strassburg, Leipzig, and Berlin. In 1879 he passed the first juridical examination and entered the civil service. In 1885 he passed the second examination, and from then until 1899 he was Landrat of Oberbarim, Brandenburg, and Oberprasidialrat of Potsdam. He was promoted to be President of the district of Bromberg, Posen, and three months later was made President of the Province of Brandenburg. In 1905 he became Prussian Minister of the Interior; in 1907 Imperial Secretary of State for the Interior and Vice President of the Prussian Council. He is a Doctor of Laws and a General Lieutenant in the Prussian Army.

**Submarines and the Allies**

J. V. O.—Why don't the Allies do more work with submarines?

Because they have nothing to work against. The ships of Germany and her allies have been swept from the seas.

## The Searchlight

*latest news from the fields of SCIENCE EDUCATION and INVENTION*

### The Best Tent

Twenty different types of tents were recently tested by the War Department in a camp near Washington. As a result all the branches of the United States army are now equipped with cavalry tents which were pronounced best fitted for army needs. These shelter tents seem small to the civilian who is now being initiated into army methods but they are luxury to the hardened campaigner who is glad of any sort of weather protection.

The cavalry tent is sixty-five inches in length and sixty-one inches wide at the base. It is forty-three inches high at the ridge sloping to the ground upon each side. It is hardly possible for the average man to sit up in one of them. Each is provided with guy ropes at each end over seven feet in length and has eight aluminum tent hooks to fasten it to the ground on the sides.

A collapsible ridge pole is also provided but this is not an essential. The old soldier prefers to use muskets and in many cases one of these small tents will shelter two men although the present authorities favor providing one for each individual soldier. They are of light weight duck or khaki so as not to add materially to the burden to be carried and are practically waterproof.


**The Star Garage Co.**

125 Bubbling Well Road.

TELEPHONE WEST 197

Operating the largest, finest and most up-to-date Garage in the Orient, offer to the Shanghai Motoring Public unsurpassed facilities for the repair, reconstruction or storage of their cars.

Complete repair, body-building, vulcanizing and paint shops under the direct supervision of experts. Storage space, including a number of private locked stalls, for over 100 cars.

Complete line of accessories in stock.

Fine cars for hire, day and night service.

FREE AIR

**G. E. Electric Fans**

On Sale at
All Reliable Dealers

**The Shanghai Stores Co.**

Gentlemen's Outfitters, Boot and Shoe Dealers

21 NANKING ROAD

Importers and Retailers of everything appertaining to

MEN'S WEAR

Our policy is to supply goods of undoubted smartness at Shanghai's **Lowest Prices** Always

JUST ARRIVED

New and distinctive styles and colourings in

Shirts, Collars, Neckwear

New shapes and styles in

Straw and Panama Hats

ALL BRITISH MANUFACTURE

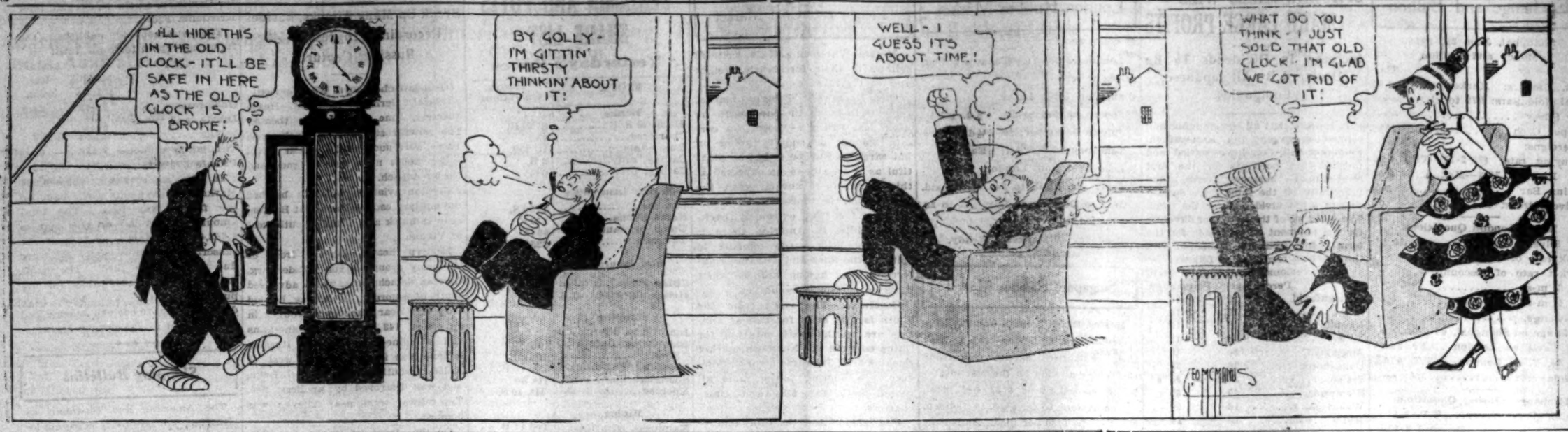
Have you tried a "MASTA" ?

Sole Agents in China

**The Shanghai Stores Co.**

21 NANKING ROAD

## Bringing Up Father — By George McManus


I'LL HIDE THIS IN THE OLD CLOCK - IT'LL BE SAFE IN HERE AS THE OLD CLOCK IS BROKE!
BY GOLLY - I'M GITTIN' THIRSTY THINKIN' ABOUT IT!
WELL - I GUESS IT'S ABOUT TIME!
WHAT DO YOU THINK - I JUST SOLD THAT OLD CLOCK - I'M GLAD WE GOT RID OF IT!
GEO MCMANUS

**The Multiplex Hammond**

is

The only Typewriter carrying two faces of type at once.

It is

the most Portable Standard Typewriter.

**HIRSBRUNNER & Co.**

THE SWISS HOUSE

Agents for China

? ?

**A Question of Policy and Price**

Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark, Ltd.

WHC

London, Liverpool, Shanghai

Expensive Paints and Varnishes do not mean exorbitant profits to the maker—rather, it is the use of better materials—That is why first cost is misleading and a premium should not be set on cheapness.

Better materials create a lasting result and that pays the Consumer and Manufacturer in the end.

For all and every requirement in Varnishes, Paints, &c., &c.

WHC Apply to **Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark, Ltd.**

SHANGHAI

? ?

*Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers*

# Daily Home Magazine Page

*A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour*

## The Manicure Lady — By William F. Kirk

"I see the President has called out the militia," said the Manicure Lady. "It looks like we are getting into a regular jam, George."

"I used to belong to the militia, but I'm glad I'm through," said the Head Barber. "I'm married now, and I think my duty is at home, except my evening out."

"They don't need you," said the Manicure Lady. "You're too loud to fight."

"I don't get much chance to be loud around where you are," said the Head Barber. "Or proud, either. I don't know what I ever done to you to make you so spiteful to me, kid."

"Sometimes the truth seems like spite, but is not spite, only kindness. I wish all my friends would be frank with me at all times, George. It would be so much nicer."

"If they was frank with you they wouldn't be your friends long," said the Head Barber. "People don't like frankness except when it hits somebody else. But, as I said before, I don't care much about going into a jam, and I'll be satisfied to read about the war from here. Of course, if the country was really in danger I would go like a flash."

"And I guess you'd be like a flash after you had went," said the Manicure Lady. "You ain't in no condition to fight, George. They want young huskies. They want men that don't say nothing, but jest saws wood. They want heroes."

"There ain't no streak in me that anybody ever dug up," said the Head Barber. "It ain't because I'm afraid that I don't want to go. I don't believe in war, that's why I don't want to go. War is a terrible thing, kid. I know.

"If your country called you, George," said the Manicure Lady, "I would bow my head to the inevital, or whatever you call it, and wish you good luck. Brother Wilfred says he is going. There's a lot of good in that boy, after all, the way it seems.

"He says that he is willing to go, and that if he falls he wants them to wrap him up in Old Glory and read one of his poems over him. This is the poem he has wrote, so he can have it along in case he gets plugged:

"Bury me here on the battle field,
Where I fought so long and well.
I fought till Nature had to yield
When I got plugged with a shell.
"Bury me here on the battle field,
That will ever shine above me,
And say that I did fear no scars
When to the front they did shove me."

"That last part sounds as if he was kind of nervous about getting on to the firing line," said the Head barber.

"Well," said the Manicure Lady, "from all I have ever saw of Wilfred, he couldn't have thought of no better line."

I. C. S. FREE EXHIBIT

31, NANKING ROAD.

For a few days only.

Open from ten to ten.

Brascolited.

### How Pets Infect Children

"No domestic pet should be kept in the same house as young children," says Dr. J. Bernard Dawson. The soundness of this advice is well known to medical men, who trace many cases of sickness to the cats or dogs with which children love to play.

The entire banishment of all cats and dogs for the sake of the children's health is, however, not to be expected, but the precaution of excluding pets from the nursery and the playroom during this hot weather should at least be taken.

Cats and dogs collect the germs of disease and carry them on their coats. By coming into contact with animals from a house in which a child has measles, scarlatina, or diphtheria they often bring these diseases into the other nurseries.

Then their coats become covered with street dust, in which are the germs of consumption, typhoid fever, colds, or bronchitis. The animals also have skin and parasitic diseases, and a child may get infected. There is no doubt whatever that a great deal of the disease of children is contracted from the dog and the cat.

If pets are kept, notwithstanding the danger to the children, the following rules should be strictly observed:

Never let a cat or dog into the nursery.

Never allow animals to enter the place where food is stored, cooked, or eaten.

Do not allow animals to come into contact with a child's bed or chair.

The observance of these rules would help to preserve the children from a great deal of sickness and suffering.

### NEW SANDWICHES

Here are some nourishing sandwich recipes which may be worth following."

New Egg Sandwiches.—Melt ½ oz. butter in a saucepan, break in one egg, add seasoning, and stir over the fire until slightly set. When cold, spread between thin slice of bread and butter, adding a little mustard and cress or shredded lettuce; cut into convenient shapes.

Apple Sandwiches.—Cut some thin slices of bread and butter and spread each with the following mixture. Place two together and cut into shapes.

Cook some apples in a very little water with sugar and lemon to taste and a clove or two. When soft and thick allow to get cold and use as directed.

Cheese Sandwiches.—Melt ½ oz. butter in a saucepan, stir in one egg, 3oz. grated cheese, season well, cook slightly until set. When cold spread between slices of standard bread and butter or water biscuits buttered.

Bacon and Egg Sandwiches.—Fry two or three rashers of bacon and then two eggs and two slices of tomato, mince all these up finely with half a teaspoonful of parsley; season well. Spread between thin slices of bread and butter or thin slice of toasted bread which have been buttered when cold, and cut into shapes.

Salad Sandwiches.—Shred finely between the fingers some lettuce leaves, watercress, and mustard and cress; add some chopped up slices of cucumber and mix lightly together with one very lightly boiled egg; sprinkle a little salt and place between thin slices of either white or brown bread and butter. These last may, if liked, be spread with some potted meat.

Nut Sandwiches.—Put through the mincing machine or chop very finely some walnuts, cobnuts, almonds and raisins; moisten these with a little cream, which may be sweetened or flavored with vanilla if liked, and spread between slices of white or brown bread and butter or sponge fingers.

It is the wisdom of the crocodiles, that shed tears when they would devour.

**SEE "THE HYPOCRITES"**

**Victrola**

Victrola IV $15

Other styles $25 to $250.

With a Victrola in the home every musical longing is satisfied.

All the world's best music to entertain you whenever and as often as you wish.

VICTOR AGENTS

**S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.**

*LADIES—Spring is here! Do you need a Tonic?*

BORDEN'S STERILIZED NATURAL MILK is prepared under the most approved sanitary conditions and expert supervision, from cows in the finest dairy sections of the United States of America. Each case contains 48 extra large cans (22oz.).

*TRY THIS:—*

NATURAL MILK TONIC. No. 1, with Fruit Juices. To a glass of cold BORDEN'S NATURAL MILK, add four tablespoons of any "DEL MONTE" acidious fruit juice, or APPLE CIDER. Shake in shaker until it foams and grate nutmeg lightly over the Top.

Watch for our Recipes

**CONNELL BROTHERS CO.**

Shanghai

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA

**GAS COOKING IS SO SIMPLE**

That a child can perform the work as easily as a grown-up person.

**COOKERS ARE FIXED WITHOUT HIRE**

For particulars apply to

**SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.**

Engineer's Office, 5, Thibet Road.

Or Showroom, 29, Nanking Road.

**INTERNATIONAL CLEANING AND DYEING WORKS**

have removed to

**F 126 BUBBLING WELL ROAD**

(Opposite the Race Course)

Carpets beaten by electric motor and stored for the summer.

9765

*Refracting and Manufacturing*

**Dr. John Goddard** Optician

*Toric Lenses*

*Invisible Bifocals*

*Sun Glasses in Various Shades*

**W. T. Findley, M.D.**

*36 Nanking Road, Tel. 1928*

# FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

## Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, June 22, 1916.
**Money and Bullion**

| | Tls. |
|---|---|
| Mex. Dollars: Market rate: | 72.00 |
| S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch... | — |
| Bar Silver ..... | — |
| Copper Cash ..... | 1932 |
| Sovereigns: | |
| buying rate, @ 2-11—Tls. | 6.85 |
| Exch. @ 72.3—Mex....$ | 9.48 |
| Peking Bar ..... | 346 |
| Native Interest ..... | .04 |

**Latest London Quotations**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bar Silver ..... | 30 1/16d. |
| Bank rate of discount ..... | 5% |
| Market rate of discount:— | |
| 3 m-s. ..... | % |
| 4 m-s. ..... | % |
| 6 m-s. ..... | % |
| Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s. | |
| Ex., Paris on London....Fr. | 28.16 |
| Ex., N. Y. on London....T.T. | 476 7/16 |
| Consols .....£ | — |

**Exchange Closing Quotations**

| | |
|---|---|
| London .....T.T. | 2-11 |
| London .....Demand | 2-11 1/16 |
| India .....T.T. | 216¾ |
| Paris .....T.T. | 408 |
| Paris .....Demand | 403½ |
| New York .....T.T. | 69¼ |
| New York .....Demand | 69¼ |
| Hongkong .....T.T. | 72 |
| Japan .....T.T. | 73 |
| Batavia .....T.T. | 166¼ |

**Banks' Buying Rates**

| | |
|---|---|
| London .....4 m-s. Cdts. | 3-0⅛ |
| London .....4 m-s. Docy. | 3-0¼ |
| London .....6 m-s. Cdts. | 3-0⅜ |
| London .....6 m-s. Docy. | 3-0½ |
| Paris .....4 m-s. | 425 |
| New York .....4 m-s. | 72⅛ |

CUSTOMS HOUSE RATES OF EXCHANGE FOR JUNE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1—Hk. Tls..... | | 6.02 |
| Hk. Tls. 1—Francs ..... | | 4.68 |
| " " 1—Marks†..... | | 3.84 |
| Gold $ 1—Hk. Tls..... | | 1.27 |
| Hk. Tls. 1—Yen..... | | 1.56 |
| " " 1—Rupees ..... | | 2.47 |
| " " 1—Roubles..... | | 2.45 |
| " " 1—Mex. $ ..... | | 1.50 |

† Nominal

## Chinese Exchange Rates

**Rates of Exchange**
**Bank of China**
(Shanghai Branch)

Mexican Dollars, 72.125
Chinese Dollars, 72.0875
On Peking Demand, 105
On Tientsin, Demand, 105½
On Newchwang, Demand, 80⅞
On Hankow, Demand, 103⅝
On Chungking, Demand, 116½
On Nanchang, Demand, 73¼
On Foochow, Demand, 95 1/16
On Amoy, Demand, 71½
On Swatow, Demand, —
On Canton, Demand, payable in small (Silver) Coins, —
On Canton, Demand, payable in Notes of Bank of China, Canton, —
On Canton, Demand, payable in Canton (997) Taels, —

May 12, 1916.

## Stock Exchange
**Transactions**

Shanghai, June 22, 1916.
**TODAY'S QUOTATIONS**

**Official**
Langkats Tls. 27.25
Shanghai Lands Tls. 92.00
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.75
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.70
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.70
Chemors Tls. 2.00
Kota Bahroes Tls. 11.75
Senawangs Tls. 17.75
Shanghai Serembans Tls. 1.15
Padangs Tls. 17.00
Dominions Tls. 12.75
**Direct Business Reported**
Langkats Tls. 27.25
Dominions Tls. 12.75
Java Consolidateds Tls. 20.25
Tebongs Tls. 26.25

## Sharebrokers' Association
**Transactions**

Shanghai, June 22, 1916.
**BUSINESS DONE**

**Official**
Pahangs. Tls. 1.90 June
Pahangs Tls. 1.87½ June
Ziangbes Tls. 6.35 cash
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.75 June
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.70 June
Langkats Tls. 77.00 June
Dominions Tls. 13.00 June
Kotas Tls. 11.70 June
**Direct**
Pahangs Tls. 1.90 cash
Dominions Tls. 13.00 cash
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.75 June
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.60 cash
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.70 cash
Langkats Tls. 27.00 June
Kotas Tls. 11.75 cash

**"BICKERTON'S"**
**PRIVATE HOTEL**
Established 20 years.
102 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams, which stop at the door. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. 60 rooms, reparate baths, with hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

## SPINNING MILLS WILL MAKE LARGE PROFITS

### Increase In Dividends To Be Declared By All Japanese Companies

It appears that all the spinning mill companies, except the Kanegafuchi Spinning Mill Co., have settled and finished their accounts for the first semi-annual business term, and practically all the mills have decided to pay large dividends for the term. The decisions of the boards of directors for the payment of dividends for the term under discussion, compared with the previous term are as follows:

| | Previous term Percentage | Present term Percentage |
|---|---|---|
| Kanegufuchi .... | 16 | 20 |
| Fuji ..... | 12 | 16 |
| Nisshin ..... | 8 | 12 |
| Carico ..... | 8 | 12 |
| Amagasaki ..... | 30 | 40 |
| Fukushima ..... | 30 | 35 |
| Settsu ..... | 30 | 35 |
| Kishiwada ..... | 30 | 35 |
| Wakayama ..... | 16 | 20 |
| Izumi ..... | 10 | 14 |
| Sanyo ..... | 8 | 10 |
| Ehime ..... | 10 | 12 |
| Temma ..... | 10 | 12 |
| Toyo ..... | 16 | 20 |
| Godo ..... | 18 | 20 |

From the above table, it will be seen that the increase in the percentage of dividends is from 2 to 10. Such a phenomenon is unprecedented even in the days of the spinning prosperity that followed the Russo Japanese war. Not only have the mills decided to pay increased dividends, but also they are in a position to carry over sums larger than the dividends to the next term.

It is further said the the interest of the spinning mill will be even larger in the coming season than in the present and the shareholders will in the next term make further movement for increasing dividends. The reason for the above assertion is that even though the spinning business was prosperous this term, most of the orders sustained during March, April and May have not been accounted for in the settlement for the present term. What contributed most to the great profit this term were the contracts signed last year or early this year. Now it must be understood that the orders during March, April and May this year were for far higher price than at the end of last year and it is easy to imagine that when these accounts are settled, the profits will be enormous. Those which obtained a profit of, say 4,000,000 yen, the present term will certainly gain 5,000,000 yen or 5,500,000 yen in the next, according to the lowest estimation.

The demand in India and China for cotton yarn is expected to be stronger. Cotton is on the down grade now. All the circumstances are good to the cotton milling industry. The cotton mills are thus in a very favorable condition.

## Shanghai Tramways

The following is the traffic return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended June 21, 1916, with figures for the corresponding week last year:—

| | 19.6 | 1915 |
|---|---|---|
| Gross Receipts..... | $29,016.59 | $26,313.92 |
| Loss by currency depreciation.. | 7,693.44 | 7,041.18 |
| Effective Receipts ..... | $21,323.15 | $19,272.74 |
| Percentage of loss by currency depreciation ..... | 23.38 | 28.62 |
| Car miles run ..... | 71,710 | 64,699 |
| Passengers carried.... | 1,299,905 | 1,173,429 |

**The China Mutual Life Insurance Company, Ltd.**
has already paid more than
**10½ Millions of Taels**
to its policyholders, and the Company's books showed over
**31½ Millions of Taels**
Assurances in force on March 31st, 1915, when the total Assets stood at more than
**9½ Millions of Taels**
Whole Life, Endowment, Educational and Annuity Policies issued at current rates.
**Head Office—SHANGHAI**
Branch offices throughout Asia

British-America Assurance Co.
The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.
FRAZAR & Co.

## London Rubber Market

*Reuter's Service.*

London, June 21.—Today's rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex.
Spot: 2s. 5d. to 2s. 4¾d. paid.
July to December: 2s. 5½d. sellers.
Tendency of Market: Easier.
Last Quotation, London, June 20:
Spot: 2s. 5½d. to 2s. 5¼d. paid.
July to December: 2s. 6½d. to 2s. 6¼d. paid.
Tendency of Market: Steady.

## Singapore Rubber Market

Messrs. R. N. Truman and Co. have received the following cable from their Singapore agents concerning the rubber auction on the 21st inst:—

No. 1 Smoked Sheet $127 per picul, equivalent to 2s. 5¼d. in London.
No. 1 Crepe $130 per picul, equivalent to 2s. 6d. in London.
Market firmer, but not actually higher.

## *Bukit Toh Alang Co. To Pay 8 p.c. Final Dividend*

We are informed by Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co., general managers of the Bukit Toh Alang Rubber Estates, Limited, that including the balance of Tls. 12,560.37 brought forward from last year, the net profit for the year ended March 31, 1916, amounts to Tls. 85,771.55; deducting Tls. 20,000—being 4% interim dividend paid in November, 1915, there remains a balance of Tls. 65,771.55 which the directors recommend be dealt with as follows:—

| | |
|---|---|
| To pay a final dividend of 8% (making 12% for the year) .....Tls. | 40,000.00 |
| To write off development account ..... „ | 10,000.00 |
| To carry forward to next year's account ..... „ | 15,771.55 |
| Tls. | 65,771.55 |

## INDIAN COUNCIL BILLS

*Reuter's Service.*

London, June 21.—Tenders for Indian Council Bills were as follows:

**Tenders for Bills.**
Highest price, 1s. 4 1/16.
Tenders at, 1s. 4 1/16d.
Receive, No allotment.
**Tenders for Transfers**
Highest price, 1s. 4 3/32d.
Tenders at, 1s. 4 3/32d.
Receive, No allotment.
Total amount sold during the week, Rs. 50,00,000.
Tenders for Deferred Transfers

## RUSSIA'S FOREIGN TRADE

Figures of Russia's foreign trade for 1915, which have just been made public, show a considerable shrinkage from those of the year before, when it was also much below normal. The 1915 imports were $347,181,000, a decrease of $136,454,000 from those of 1914, and the exports $161,652,000, a drop of $284,392,000. The imports fell about 28 per cent. and the exports nearly 64 per cent.

An analysis of the figures is well-nigh impossible because Russian statistics of foreign trade never show the countries of ultimate origin or destination of either imports or exports. Before the war a good deal of the Russian trade went via Germany and consequently the imports from and exports to that country loomed up large. Millions of dollars of American exports to Russia appeared in the latter's statistics as imports from Germany. In 1915, when trade was diverted from its former channel, the exports from the United States to Russia direct increased from $39,664,000 to $77,776,000, and, in addition, there was an increase of imports into Russia from Sweden and Finland of $42,000,000, most of which doubtless came from this country.

An odd thing about the figures is an item of imports from Germany in 1915 amounting to $12,204,000. Imports from the United Kingdom during the year increased over $31,000,000, while exports thither dropped nearly $22,000,000. Of the exports, only those to Finland showed an increase.

**The Cathay Trust, Ltd.**
Paid-up Capital ..... £220,800
LOANS, AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST, GRANTED ON APPROVED SECURITIES.
J. C. DYER, Manager.
J. A. WATTIE & Co., Ltd.
Secretaries and General Managers,
10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

## Freight and Coal Market

Messrs. Wheelock and Co. write as follows in their fortnightly freight and coal market report:—

Our Homeward Freight market remains in much the same state as when last writing:—there is a certain amount of enquiry going on but cargo to Europe is not as plentiful as is usually to be expected at this season in a normal year, the bean-season is unusually late and tea is, of course, extremely backward, whilst to America there is also very little cargo offering in spite of the Suez and Panama Conference lines having reduced their rates on certain commodities.

Coastwise:—The news from the South is that rates for rice at any-rate are on the weak side but for China coasters the Northern market remains firm, Japanese owners, however, are quoting lower rates all round, both for trip and time-charters.

For London and the Continent:—The following are the next cargo-boats to load on this berth:—

Liverpool:

| s.s. | Sailing |
|---|---|
| Eurybates ..... | Today |

Marseilles, London:

| | |
|---|---|
| Carmarthenshire .... | June 27 |

London:

| | |
|---|---|
| Kashima Maru ..... | July 1 |
| Priam ..... | July 11 |
| Mishima Maru ..... | July 15 |

Liverpool:

| | |
|---|---|
| Antilochus ..... | July 15 |

For New York via Panama:—The s.s. St. Bede now occupies this berth and will sail on the 26th instant. The Nippon Yusen Kaisha having joined this conference their first steamer to load here will be the s.s. Toyooka Maru, she will sail on the 12th July and be followed by the s.s. Muncaster Castle for Boston and New York about the 22nd. The rates have been reduced on certain commodities, as enumerated below, a complete new tariff will be issued in due course.

**Coast Rates**

South Japan Coal Ports:
To Shanghai Yen 2.70—weak.
„ Hongkong Yen 6.00—weak.
„ Hankow $5.50 last.
„ Manila $7.50 last.
„ Singapore Yen 9.00 last.
Hongay:
To Shanghai Yen 6.00 nominal.
„ Chinkiang Yen 7.00 nominal.
„ Swatow $6.00 last.
„ Hongkong $6.50 last.
„ Canton $7.00 nominal.
Wuhu Chinkiang:
To Canton 39 cands. liner terms. firm.
Wuhu:
To Swatow 37 cands. liner terms.
Saigon:
To Hongkong, rice $0.50 per picul.
Newchwang, Chefoo:
To Canton 70 cents liner terms, nom.
„ Swatow 60 cents liner terms nom.
„ Amoy 80 cents nominal.

**Coal Market**

Japan Coal.—Since writing a fortnight ago this market has shown some slight improvement in harmony, with other lines of business but as stocks are still fairly plentiful no fresh dealings have come to pass, arrivals have fallen off as a result of the stagnation of the past month or so and freights are easier all round, Wakamatsu-Shanghai being quoted at Yen 2.70 per ton, Moji-Hongkong at Yen 6.00 and Singapore at Yen 9.00

Fushun Coal:—No change.

Kaiping Coal:—With the political situation looking better a more healthy feeling prevails in this market and with renewed activity amongst the cotton mills deliveries have been more brisk; freights too are easier but that is to be expected at this season and it has little effect on the market. Stocks are plentiful all round.

**Coal Quotations**

Japan Coal:—

| | ex Wharf Tls. |
|---|---|
| Kishima Lump ..... | 8.50 |
| Kishima Dust .....no stock | 5.80 |
| Miike Lump ..Contracted for | — |
| Miike Small ...Contracted for | — |
| Miike Dust ...Contracted for | — |
| Arate Lump ..... | 6.79 |
| Shimoyamada Unscreened ... | 6.00 |
| Shimoyamada Lump ..... | 6.30 |
| Miyoshi Lump ..... | 6.50 |
| Shin Shakano ..... | 6.90 |
| Yoshinotani No. 1 Lump..... | 7.80 |
| Yoshinotani No. 2 Lump..... | 6.50 |
| Kaiping Coal:— | |
| Navy Lump ..... | 8.50 |
| Navy Dust ..... | 5.60 |
| Loco Lump ..... | 7.00 |
| No. 1 Slack ..... | 5.30 |
| Linsi Lump ..... | 6.00 |
| Linsi Slack ..... | 5.00 |
| Manchurian Coal:— | Tls. |
| Fu-Shun Unscreened ex godown ....none for sale | 7.00 |
| Fu-shun Dust ..... | 6.40 |
| Fu-Shun Lump .....no stock | — |
| Pensihu Navy Lump ..... | 12.00 |
| Pensihu Unscreened ..... | 8.00 |
| Pensihu Dust ..... | 6.25 |
| Honan Anthracite Lump..... | 12.00 |

## BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

### Yesterday's Prices

| STOCK | Closing Quotations |
|---|---|
| **Banks** | |
| H. K. & S. B..... | $750 B. |
| Chartered..... | £52 |
| Russo-Asiatic..... | R. 250. |
| Cathay, ordy..... | 2 B. |
| Cathay, pref..... | 6 S. |
| **Marine Insurances** | |
| Canton..... | $400 S. |
| North China..... | 170 S. |
| Union of Canton..... | $945 |
| Yangtsze..... | $250 B. |
| **Fire Insurances** | |
| China Fire..... | $156. |
| Hongkong Fire..... | $375. |
| **Shipping** | |
| Indo-China Pref..... | |
| Indo-China Def..... | Tls. 128 |
| "Shell"..... | 101s. B. |
| Shanghai Tug..... | Tls. 15 B. |
| Shanghai Tug..... | Tls. 50 |
| Kochien..... | Tls. 19 S. |
| **Mining** | |
| Kaiping..... | Tls. 11 B. |
| Oriental Cons..... | 33s. 6d. |
| Philippine..... | Tls. 2 S. |
| Raub..... | Tls. 2.90 S. |
| **Docks** | |
| Hongkong Dock..... | $122 B. |
| Shanghai Dock..... | Tls. 75 S. |
| New Eng. Works..... | Tls. 9 B. |
| **Wharves** | |
| Shanghai Wharf..... | Tls. 82 B. |
| Hongkong Wharf..... | $80 B. |
| **Lands and Hotels** | |
| Anglo-French Land... | Tls. 95. |
| China Land..... | Tls. 50 N. |
| Shanghai Land ..... | Tls. 92 Sa. |
| Weihaiwai Land..... | Tls. 3 |
| Central Stores..... | $8½ B. |
| China Realty (ord.).. | Tls. 80 B. |
| China Realty (pref.). | Tls. 52 B. |
| **Cotton Mills** | |
| E-wo..... | Tls. 135. |
| E-wo Pref. ..... | Tls. 105 S. |
| International..... | Tls. 75½. |
| International Pref..... | Tls. 76. |
| Laou-kung-mow..... | Tls. 65. |
| Oriental..... | Tls. 32½ B. |
| Shanghai Cotton..... | Tls. 93½ B. |
| Kung Yik..... | Tls. 13½ B. |
| Yangtszepoo..... | Tls. 5 B. |
| Yangtszepoo Pref..... | Tls. 106. |
| **Industrials** | |
| Anglo-German Br'y... | $95 N. |
| Butler Tile..... | Tls. 23 N. |
| China Flour Mill..... | Tls. 6 S. |
| China Sugar..... | $118 S. |
| Green Island..... | $9¼ B. |
| Langkats..... | Tls. 27¼ Sa. |
| Major Bros..... | Tls. 5 |
| Shanghai Sumatra..... | Tls. 145 B. |
| **Stores** | |
| Hall & Holtz..... | Tls. 16 B. |
| Llewellyn..... | $60. |
| Lane, Crawford..... | $92. |
| Moutrie..... | $35 |
| Watson..... | $6¾ S. |
| Weeks..... | $16¾ B. |
| **Rubbers (Local)** | |
| Alma..... | Tls. 13¾. |
| Amherst..... | Tls. 1¾. |
| Anglo-Java..... | Tls. 10¾ B. |
| Anglo-Dutch..... | Tls. 5¾. |
| Ayer Tawah..... | Tls. 35 B. |
| Batu Anam 1915..... | Tls. 1¾ S. |
| Bukit Toh Alang..... | Tls. 5¼ B. |
| Bute..... | Tls. 1.90. |
| Chemor United..... | Tls. 2 B. |
| Chempedak..... | Tls. 14. |
| Cheng..... | Tls. 3¾. |
| Consolidated..... | Tls. 3.70 B. |
| Dominion..... | Tls. 12¾ B. |
| Gula Kalumpong..... | Tls. 9 B. |
| Java Consolidated..... | Tls. 20¼ B. |
| Kamunting..... | Tls. 7½ B. |
| Kapala..... | Tls. 1.10 B. |
| Kapayang..... | Tls. 28 B. |
| Karan..... | Tls. 15½. |
| Kota Bahroes..... | Tls. 11¾ B. |
| Kroewoek Java..... | Tls. 20½. |
| Padang..... | Tls. 17 B. |
| Pengkalan Durian..... | Tls. 11½. |
| Permata..... | Tls. 5½ S. |
| Repah..... | Tls. 1.45. |
| Samagaga..... | Tls. 1.22½. |
| Seekee..... | Tls. 7½ B. |
| Semambu..... | Tls. 1.85. |
| Senawang..... | Tls. 17¾ B. |
| Shanghai Klebang..... | Tls. 1.20. |
| Shanghai Malay..... | Tls. 7½ B. |
| S'hai Malay-Pref..... | Tls. 15. |
| Shanghai Pahang..... | Tls. 1.85 B. |
| Sungala..... | Tls. 1¾ B. |
| Sungei Duri..... | Tls. 12¾. |
| Sua Manggis..... | Tls. 6. |
| S'hai Kelantan..... | Tls. 1.15. |
| Shanghai Seremban . | Tls. 1.15 B. |
| Taiping..... | Tls. 3 |
| Tanah Merah..... | Tls. 9½. |
| Tebong..... | Tls. 26¼ B. |
| Ulobri..... | Tls. 2.60. |
| Ziangbe..... | Tls. 6¼ B. |
| **Miscellaneous** | |
| C. I. & E. Lumber.... | Tls. 105 B. |
| Culty Dairy..... | Tls. 12½ S. |
| S'hai Elec. and Asb.... | $2 N. |
| Shanghai Trams..... | Tls. 82½ B. |
| Shanghai Gas..... | Tls. 22 B. |
| Horse Bazaar..... | Tls. 30 |
| Shanghai Mercury..... | Tls. 30 |
| S'hai Telephone..... | Tls. 88. |
| S'hai Waterworks..... | Tls. 270 B. |

S., Sellers. Sa., Sales B., Buyers

**Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road**
Telephone No. 398

## LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Sumatra director and manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat:

"The output of crude oil for June 21 was 109 tons."

## GERMANS SAY HOLDING UP RUSSIANS' ADVANCE

### Break Up Many Attacks, Besides Recording Progress; 3,440 Russians Captured

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)

Official German telegram.—Headquarters, June 20.—Western theater. The general situation is unchanged. There were successful German patrol engagements near Beauvraignes and Nieder-Aspach.

German aviators copiously bombed the military establishments at Bragen, near Dunkirk and Touilly, south-west of Verdun.

Eastern theater.—On the front of the army group of von Hindenburg, German detachments, which advanced south of Smorgon, as far as beyond Cary and near Tanocoyn, brought in an officer, 143 men, 4 machine-guns and 4 mine-throwers. A Russian biplane was forced to land west of Kolodon, south of the Narotsch Lake, and was destroyed by artillery fire. The railway track near Vileyka was bombed.

On the front of Prince Leopold's army group, German aviators again attacked the railway between Liachovitchi and Luminetz.

On the front of the army group of von Linsingen, strong Russian attacks against the canal positions, south-west of Logischin, broke down under the German curtain-fire, with heavy losses for the enemy. Repeated enemy efforts against the Styr line, near and west of Kolki, were generally without success.

There were especially violent engagements near Grulatyn. The German troops broke the Russian resistance, which was particularly strong near Kisseler, at several places between the road Kovel-Lutsk and the Turija and have continued their advances.

South of the Turija, the enemy's attacks were repulsed. The Russians stopped their advance in the direction of Gorochov.

On the front of General von Bothmer's army, the situation is unchanged.

Balkan theater.—Enemy aviators dropped bombs on the villages behind the German front, without doing damage.

Berlin, June 19.—The Admiralty reports: A German naval aeroplane, in Riga Bay, off Fruensberg, bombed two Russian destroyers, succeeding in hitting one of them.

Official Austro-Hungarian telegram. —Vienna, June 19.—Russian theater. —Yesterday, the troops occupying the bridgeworks of Czernowitz had to be withdrawn before the concentrated artillery fire of a far superior enemy. At night, the enemy, at several points, forced a passage across the Pruth and entered Czernowitz. The Austro-Hungarians evacuated the town.

In Eastern Galicia, the situation is unchanged. West of Visniovszyk, on the Strypa, the Russian attacks were frustrated by artillery fire.

In Volhynia, the Austrians and Hungarians gained ground north of the Lipa, north of Gorocho and near Lokatschi and repulsed the Russian counter-attacks. The day before yesterday and yesterday, 905 Russians were made prisoners and three machine-guns were taken.

In the district north of the Turija, German forces, in successful engagements, brought in 11 Russian officers, 3,446 men, one gun and 10 machine-guns. Between Sokul and Kolki, strong Russian advances were again repulsed.

Italian theater.—On the Isonzo front, the Italians again prepared advances against several places, as well as against the southern part of the Monte San Michele and the height positions north of the Tolmein bridge-head. No attack, however, developed, on account of the Austro-Hungarian artillery fire.

In the Dolomites, the hostile activity generally decreased. Only Monte San Cadini was temporarily very heavily shelled by artillery. Several hostile attacks followed, which were soon repulsed.

From the Primolano district and against the Austro-Hungarian front south-west of Asiago, the Italians renewed their attacks, but were everywhere repulsed.

Vienna, June 20.—Russian theater.—The enemy crossed the Sereth, while fighting with our rear-guards. Between the Pruth and the Dniester, on the Strypa and in the district of Radsivilov, it was relatively calm yesterday.

In successful defensive combats, south-east and north-east of Lokatschi, the Austro-Hungarian troops, up to the present, have captured 1,300 Russians, 1 gun and 3 machine-guns. In the district of Kisellia, the attacks of the allied troops are progressing in tenacious fighting.

Between Sokul and Kolki, the enemy repeated their strong attacks, but were repulsed. Near Gruziatyn, where the enemy made their fourth attempt to enter the Austro-Hungarian line, bitter fighting is still continuing.

Italian theater.—The activity in the Dolomites and on the Isonzo front has ebbed down to the normal level.

Fresh Italian attacks against several places on the front between the Brenta and the Adige were repulsed.

Balkan theater.—There were small engagements near Seras, on the lower Voyusa.

Berlin, June 20.—The Deutscher Ueberseedienst states:—It is reported from Copenhagen that the Danish Postmaster-General communicates that the British have confiscated at Kirkwall the American mail destined for Denmark, on the Norwegian liner Kristiania Fjord.

The Reichsbank publishes the following report for June 15th:

| | Million Marks. | Against last week. |
|---|---|---|
| Gold reserve ..... | 2,465 | — 34.9 |
| Drafts and treasury bills ..... | 5,794 | +146 |
| Circulation of notes. | 6,636 | — 60 |
| Private deposits .... | 1,828 | + 72 |

In the same week, 119,000,000 Marks part payments were made on the fourth war loan. The total amount paid so far on this loan is 9,653,000,000 Marks, or 89% of the subscriptions, while only 75% are due up to June 23rd. The loans granted by the loan banks for the purpose of the war loan have decreased by 10,000,000 Marks and now amount to 395,000,000 Marks.

## *Shipping Bulletins*

The American and Hawaiian s.s. Georgian, due here today is paying her first visit to Shanghai, and the Far East generally. The company's s.s. Floridian was the first of this line of steamers to operate between San Francisco and the Far East. The experiment proved successful, and the Georgian was despatched on the same route. She has two steel decks with deep framing, and a steel shelter deck as well. Her gross tonnage is 4,970 tons, and she has been constructed so that she can be worked with liquid fuel. Her shelter deck is worked in conjunction with a freeboard. She was built in 1910 by the Maryland Steel Co., at Sparrow Pt., Md., and her port of registry is New York. She has a length of 414.5 ft., her beam is 53.7, and her depth 28.1 She has a moulded depth of 39 ft. Messrs. Dodwell are the local agents.

* * *

A South Manchuria Railway steamer from Tsingtao, states that the automatic bucket dredger, of a large type, recently raised in Kiaochau Bay by the Japanese Naval authorities, was brought under the hammer and was sold for Y.90,000 to the Kawasaki Dockyard Co., Dalny. She will be brought to that port, and will undergo a thorough repairing. The Japanese Government have done good work in connection with the German vessels either sunk or captured, for they have been either sold for good prices, or put into use by the Government.

* * *

Hongkong vessels report that Messrs. W. S. Bailey and Co., of that port, have built for Chinese owners a motor boat christened the Ngan Chow. This vessel is 50 feet long by 21 inches extreme draft, and will carry passengers and cargo between Hongkong and Swatow. The engines are a twin set of 26 horse-power Kelvin motors and at her trial voyage she made a speed of a little over nine knots.

## INDIA'S HOARDED WEALTH

### Professor Foxwell On Financial Problems of War

London, May 22.—Professor H. S. Foxwell gave at the Royal Institution on Saturday the first of two lectures on the finance of the war.

Professor Foxwell said he did not think there was any nation, not even Germany, that was unable for some considerable period to bear the economic strain of the war.

In a war which embraced nearly all Europe we could no longer look in any large degree to others for help. We were brought down to the bedrock of nationalism. We had had some assistance from the United States, for which we were grateful; but in the main we had to meet the expenditure of the war ourselves. The problem was to balance production and consumption, with an extra war expenditure equal to more than two-thirds of the ordinary expenditure in peace time, which was about 2,000 millions. He suspected that in Germany and Austria the high prices had been to some extent deliberately put on to enforce economy.

The methods to which we had resorted in this country for borrowing purposes were among the most remarkable developments of the war. In his opinion it would have been impossible to bring out another loan of the old Consols type. The day of Consols, he thought, was over. In future we should always have terminable loans, and usually, he thought, for comparatively short dates. He believed we should be the better for the change. A curb would be put on the tendency to resort to loans. A still more valuable development was the system of continuous borrowing as against the big spectacular loan. We had something like 632 millions of Treasury bills running at present—the equivalent of a very large loan raised without any friction or difficulty, because people only subscribed as they found it convenient.

There were large hoards in India, and he could not understand why we had not tried to tap them for loan purposes. He thought it very desirable that the Government should recognize some limit to the income-tax. Under the present system by which 5s. was deducted at the source the Government was in many cases obtaining a forced loan for 12 months. Referring to the effect of mobilization in producing a demend for small change, Professor Foxwell mentioned that at the time of the Agadir trouble one of the largest banks received orders to send down mobilization money to a number of centers in its district. The Government then anticipated the outbreak of war.

# Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

## Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1853.

**Capital** .....£1,200,000
**Reserve Fund** ..... 1,800,000
**Reserve Liability of Shareholders** ..... 1,200,000

*Head Office:*
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

*Court of Directors:*
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

*Bankers:*
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank, Limited.
The London County & Westminster Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

*Agencies and Branches:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amritsar | Hongkong | Peking |
| Bangkok | Iloilo | Penang |
| Batavia | Ipoh | Puket |
| Bombay | Karachi | Rangoon |
| Calcutta | Klang | Saigon |
| Canton | Kobe | Seremban |
| Cebu | Kulala-Lumpur | Singapore |
| Colombo | Madras | Shanghai |
| Delhi | Malacca | Sourabaya |
| Foochow | Manila | Taiping |
| Haiphong | Medan | (F.M.S.) |
| Hankow | New York | Tientsin |
| | | Yokohama |

*Shanghai Branch,* 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken..

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND,
Manager.

## Banque de L'Indo-Chine

**Capital** .....Frs. 48,000,000.00
**Reserves** .....Frs. 48,000,000.00

*Succursales et Agences:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bangkok | Hanoi | Saigon |
| Battambang | Hongkong | Shanghai |
| Canton | Mongtze | Singapore |
| Djibouti | Noumea | Tientsin |
| Dondichery | Peking | Tourane |
| Haiphong | Papeete | |
| Hankeou | Pnom-Penh | |

*Bankers:*
IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
IN LONDON: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

## Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

**Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique**
**Societe Anonyme**
**Paid-up Capital** .....Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

*President:*
JEAN JADOT,
Gouvernour Societe Generale de Belgique.

*Bankers:*
LONDON: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
BRUSSELS: Societe Generale de Belgique.
ANTWERP: Banque d'Anvers.
PARIS: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.
LYONS AND MARSEILLES: comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
NEW YORK: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

W. A. HOEHN,
Manager.

## Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital .....$15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver ..... 18,000,000
$33,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors .....$15,000,000

*Head Office:* HONGKONG.
*Court of Directors:*
W. L. Pattenden, Esq., Chairman.
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Deputy
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq. [Chairman.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
Hon. Mr. E. Shellim.
*Chief Manager:*
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

*Branches and Agencies:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amoy | Ipoh | Peking |
| Bangkok | Johore | Penang |
| Batavia | Kobe | Rangoon |
| Bombay | Kuala- | Saigon |
| Calcutta | Lumpur | S. Francisco |
| Canton | London | Shanghai |
| Colombo | Lyons | Singapore |
| Foochow | Malacca | Sourabaya |
| Hankow | Manila | Tientsin |
| Harbin | Nagasaki | Tsingtau |
| Iloilo | New York | Yokohama |

*London Bankers:*
London County and Westminster Band Ltd.

*Shanghai Branch:* 12, The Bund.
*Sub-Agency:* 9, Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

## Russo-Asiatic Bank

| | Roubles. |
|---|---|
| **Capital (fully-paid)** | .....45,000,000 |
| **Reserve Fund** | .....22,000,000 |
| | **Kpg. Tls.** |
| **Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government** | .... 3,500,000 |
| **Reserve Fund** | ..... 1,733,000 |

*Head Office:* PETROGRAD.
*Paris Office:* 9, Rue Boudreau.
*London Office:* 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

*Bankers:*
LONDON: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
PARIS: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
LYONS: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

*Far Eastern Branches and Agencies*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay | Hailan | Peking |
| Calcutta | Hankow | Shanghai |
| Changchun (Kwan-chendze) | Harbin | Tientsin |
| | Hongkong | Tsingtau |
| | Newchwang | Vladivostock |
| Chefoo | Nicolayowsk | Yokohama |
| Dalny (Dairen) o-A | | |

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES

J. JEZIERSKI,
Q. CARRERE,
Managers for China and Japan.

## The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

**Paid-up Capital $200,000**

All kinds of banking business transacted.

Currency Exchange a speciality.

Special department for handling loans against warehouse receipts and other commercial paper.

Interest on Tael current accounts 2%.

Particulars of interest allowed on Dollar current accounts and fixed deposits can be obtained on application.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

## International Banking Corporation

*Head Office:*
60, Wall Street, New York

London Branch:
31, Bishopsgate, E. C.

Capital paid-up .....U.S. $3,250,000
Reserve and Undivided
Profits .....U.S. 4,210,000
U.S. $7,460,000

*London Bankers:*
Bank of England.
National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.

*Branches and Agents All over the world.*

THE CORPORATION transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business, issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, available in the United States of America and in all other parts of the world, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and on FIXED DEPOSIT upon terms which can be ascertained on application.

G. HOGG,
Manager.

1a Kiuklang Road.

## Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

**Savings Bank Office:**
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

## Banque Industrielle de Chine.

**Capital** ..... **Francs 45,000,000**
One-third of the Capital, i.e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
**THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC**

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.

**Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai**

**BANKERS:**
In France: Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION,
Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

## Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

*(Established 1880.)*

*Head Office:* YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Capital Subscribed .... | Yen | 48,000,000 |
| Capital Paid-up ..... | „ | 30,000,000 |
| Reserve Fund ..... | „ | 20,400,000 |

*London Bankers:*
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

*Branches and Agencies:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Antunghsin | London | Port Arthur |
| Bombay | Liaoyang | S. Francisco |
| Calcutta | Los Angeles | Sydney |
| Changchun | Lyons | Sinanfu |
| Dalny | Mukden | Tiehling |
| Hankow | Nagasaki | Tientsin |
| Harbin | Newchwang | Tokio |
| Hongkong | New York | Tsingtau |
| Honolulu | Osaka | |
| Kobe | Peking | |

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

## The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

**Authorised Capital** .....£1,500,000
**Subscribed Capital** ..... 1,125,000
**Paid-up Capital** ..... 562,500
**Reserve Fund** ..... 550,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

*London Bankers.*
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

*Branches & Agencies.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay | Howrah | Madras |
| Calcutta | Kandy | Penang |
| Colombo | Karachi | Port Louis |
| Delhi | Kota Bahru | (Mauritius) |
| Galle | (Kelantan) | Rangoon |
| Hongkong | Kuala Lumpur | Shanghai |
| | Singapore. | |

*Shanghai Branch.*

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH.
Acting Manager.

7 Nanking Road.

9753

## Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY)

Established 1824.
Paid-up Capital—
Guilds. 50,000,000 (about £4,167,000)
Reserve Fund—
Guilds. 9,237,150 (about £769,763)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
*Agencies in Holland:*
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.
*Branches:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bandjermasin | Padang | Soerakarta |
| Bandoeng | Palembang | Tandjong Balei |
| Cheribon | Pekalongan | Tebing-Tinggi |
| Djember | Penang | Tegal |
| Djokjakarta | Pontianak | Telok-Betong |
| Hongkong | Rangoon | Tjilatap |
| Kota-Radja | Semarang | Weltevreden |
| Makassar | Singapore | |
| Medan | Soerabaia | |

*London Bankers:*—
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. I. WYNBERG,
Acting Agent.

## THE BANK OF TERRITORIAL DEVELOPMENT OF CHINA, LIMITED

33 Nanking Road: Tel. Nos. 3893-4492.

CHARTERED BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT, 1914
"THE PREMIER CHINESE BANK IN THE ORIENT."
Head Office: Peking
**Authorized Capital** ...$20,000,000.00
**Subscribed Capital** ... 14,000,000.00
**Fully Paid Up Capital** 4,000,000.00
**Liabilities** .....$10,000,000.00

Board of Directors:
Chairman: Mr. Wang Yi-tang, ex-Tartar General of Mongolian Frontier and now General Advisor to Yuan Shih-k'ai.
Vice-Chairman: Mr. Feng Ling-peh, President of the United Chamber of Commerce in Peking.
Mr. Chin Char, Chairman of the Bureau of Commerce and Labour of the Central Board of Commerce.
Mr. Tao Te-kuang, M. A., Cornell University, U.S.A., ex-Commissioner On Foreign Loans, now Commissioner on Currency Reform and Advisor on Finance to Li Yuan-hung.
Mr. Liu Ming-chee, Financier and Capitalist, Managing Director for the Chinese Frontier Trading Corporation.
BRANCHES and Sub-Branches in the provinces and Territories of China.

Bankers:
The Eastern Bank, Ltd., London.
National Bank of Commerce, New York.

FOREIGN AGENCIES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amsterdam | Manila | Seattle |
| Bangkok | Malta | Somarang |
| Batavia | Melbourne | Singapore |
| Benkolen | Milan | Soerabaya |
| Bombay | Moscow | Sydney |
| Calcutta | New York | Tokio |
| Cheribon | Osaka | Valdivostock |
| Hongkong | Padang | Wellington |
| Honolulu | Paris | Yokohama |
| London | Rangoon | |
| Macassar | San Francisco | |

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept in Tales and Dollars; interest allowed in Taels at 2½% per annum, in Dollars at 1½% per annum on the daily balance of over Taels or Dollars 200 respectively.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

The Bank transacts every description of Exchange and Banking business, issues drafts and letters of credit on the above Branches and Agencies.

Advances made on approved securities and local bills discounted.

C. T. HSU, Manager.
YUSHU CHIN, Sub-Manager.
March 10, 1916.

## The Bank of China.

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

**Authorised Capital** .... $60,000,000
**Paid-up Capital** ..... $10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Newchang, Moukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanshi, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Deposit Account in Taels at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the followng rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

## BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

**Paid-up Capital: Kungping Taels 10,000,000**
HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Fifty Branches and Agencies in China.
SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on current accounts and on fixed deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

5559.

## Commercial Bank of China

*Head Office:* SHANGHAI.

**Subscribed Capital**. Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
**Paid-up Capital** .... Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

## The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912

Authorised Capital ....H. $2,000,000
Subscribed and Paid-up Capital .....H. $1,357,850
Reserve Fund ..... H. $70,000

*Head Office:*
6, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

*Shanghai Office:* 2, Ningpo Road.

Drafts granted on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% p.a. on daily balance and on Fixed Deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

IUKUUN,
Manager.

## *Provision Prices in Local Markets*

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollars cents at Hongkew market, as compiled on June 20, 1916.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Butcher's Meat** | | |
| Beef | per lb. | 14-20 |
| Mutton | „ | 16-20 |
| Pork | „ | 25-30 |
| Veal | „ | 25-30 |
| **Fish** | | |
| Bream | per lb. | none |
| Cod | „ | 14-16 |
| Mandarin | „ | 20-30 |
| Mackerel | „ | 14-16 |
| Pomfret | „ | 12-14 |
| Salmon | „ | none |
| Samli | „ | 20-25 |
| Soles | „ | none |
| Whitebait | „ | none |
| **Game, Poultry and Eggs** | | |
| Deer | each | none |
| Duck | „ | 40-50 |
| Eggs | per doz. | 15-17 |
| Fowl | per lb. | 22-25 |
| Geese | each | 60-1.00 |
| Hare | „ | none |
| Partridge | „ | none |
| Pheasant | „ | none |
| Pigeons | „ | 18-20 |
| Plover | „ | none |
| Quail | „ | none |
| Snipe | „ | none |
| Turkey | per lb. | none |
| Teal | each | none |
| Wild Duck | „ | none |
| Wild Geese | „ | none |
| Woodcock | „ | none |
| Wild Pigeon | „ | none |
| **Fruit** | | |
| Apples | per lb. | 20-25 |
| Apricots | „ | 8-10 |
| Bananas | „ | 7-8 |
| Cherries | „ | none |
| Cocoanuts | each | 15-20 |
| Chestnuts | per lb. | none |
| Figs | per doz. | none |
| Grapes | per lb. | none |
| Lemons | each | 7-8 |
| Lichees | per lb. | 15-20 |
| Mangoes | each | 20-25 |
| Mangosteens | per doz. | none |
| Melons | each | none |
| Oranges | per lb. | 20-25 |
| Peaches | „ | 8-10 |
| Persimmons | „ | none |
| Pineapples | each | 8-10 |
| Peeboes | per lb. | 10-12 |
| Plums | per lb. | 6-8 |
| Pumeloes | each | none |
| Pears | per lb. | 8-10 |
| Strawberries | „ | none |
| Walnuts | „ | 10-13 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Vegetables** | | |
| Artichokes | each | 2- 3 |
| Asparagus | per doz. | 20-25 |
| Bamboo Shoots | per lb. | none |
| Broad Beans | „ | none |
| Beetroot | per bunch | 1- 2 |
| Cabbages | each | 3- 4 |
| Celery | per bunch | 2- 3 |
| Carrots | „ | 3- 4 |
| Cauliflower | each | 5- 8 |
| Egg Plant | per lb. | 6- 8 |
| French Beans | per lb. | 5- 6 |
| Green Corn | each | 2- 3 |
| Leeks | per bunch | 2- 3 |
| Mushrooms | per lb. | none |
| Onions | per lb. | 2-3 |
| Peas | „ | 6-8 |
| Potatoes | per pic. | $1.50-1.80 |
| Parsnips | per lb. | 3- 4 |
| Radishes | per bunch | 1- 2 |
| Spinach | per lb. | 2- 3 |
| Tomatoes | „ | 10-12 |
| Turnips | per bunch | 2- 3 |
| **Grain and Flour** | | |
| Flour, American | per 50 lb. | $4.50 |
| Flour, Shanghai | per 50 lb. | $2.35 |
| Rice | per 200 lb. | $8.20 |
| **Milk** | | |
| Foreign dairies | per bottles | 20 |
| Chinese dairies | „ | 17 |
| **Fodder** | | |
| Barley | per 114 lbs. | $2.65 |
| Barn | „ | $1.80 |
| **Fuel** | | |
| House Coal | per ton | Tls. 9.50 |
| Stove Coal | „ | Tls.16.00 |
| Firewood | per 60 bundles | $1.80 |

E. KILNER.

## ∵ ∴ AMUSEMENTS ∴ ∵

## THE Apollo THEATRE

*Programme for June 23rd, 24th and 25th.*
TONIGHT! TONIGHT!!
**"THE GOLDEN SWORD-KNOT"**
*A Gripping Three-Reel Romance of Continental Court Life.*
*PATHE'S BRITISH AND FRENCH GAZETTES*
*Depicting latest events of interest*
*ARTILLERY AND AVIATION IN THE REGION OF VERDUN.*
*"THE FLIRT"*
*A picture-story of sustained interest*
*"A STONE AGE ADVENTURE"*
*Animated Comic Cartoon.*
*"GEM AND GERMS"*
*L-KO Comedy of the first order.*

## LYCEUM THEATRE

RETURN VISIT OF
THE
**Humphrey Bishop**
LONDON STAR CO.

Commencing
Monday, June 26th
to
Saturday, July 1st

Booking opens Thursday
at
**S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.**

10176

## OLYMPIC THEATRE

*PROGRAMME*
*For 23rd, 24th, 25th & 26th June, 1916*
*"BLOSSOMS"*
*Interesting*
**"THE GOLDEN SKULL"**
*Drama—Four Parts*
*"A CAN OF BAKED BEANS"*
*Comedy*
*"AN ANIMAL CRAZE"*
*Comic*
*"AMBROSE'S FIRST FALSEHOOD"*
*Keystone Comedy*

## LYCEUM THEATRE

**To-night and To-morrow Night**
**23rd and 24th June**

**"The Seventh Wife"**
A Musical Comedy
by
The Officers and Crew
of
U. S. S. Brooklyn

Booking now open at
**S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.**
Proceeds to Charities
10135

## St. George's Gardens

BUBBLING WELL
Visit the
**Open-Air Cinema Theatre**
and see a high-class picture programme under ideal conditions.
**Every Evening 9.15 p.m.**
Best Selected Films;
Latest War Gazettes.
For reservation of boxes or seats Telephone WEST 802

## VICTORIA THEATRE

*PROGRAMME*
*For 23th, 24th, 25th & 26th June, 1916*
*"BLOOMER'S DREAM"*
*Comic*
**"CONSCIENCE"**
*The great moral photo-drama in 3 parts*
*"ACCORDING TO SENIORITY"*
*Comedy*
*"HER FACE" Comedy*
*"CORONET AND HEARTS"*
*Comedy Drama*
*"MABEL'S WILFUL WAY"*
*Keystone Comedy*

## TOWA CINEMA THEATRE

*Corner of Woochang and Chapoo Roads*
*For 23rd, 24th and 25th June, 1916*
**"BALLAOO"**
*A very stirring and thrilling Drama in Two Acts. A Baboon plays the leading role. The Monkey strangles a foe of its owner and saves the life of his daughter.*
*"CAUGHT IN THE RAIN"*
*A very farcical and amusing Chaplin Comedy. A good laughing picture*
*"DAD'S INSANITY"*
*This picture is as good as any of the best Comic pictures ever put on the market.*
*"POOR RELATIONS"*
*Another good comic picture. Also some other high-class comics.*
**Dress Circle Seats .....30 Cents.**

# GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

## Future Sailings

### FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

| Date | Time | Destination | Ship's Name | Flag | Agents |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 26 | .. | New York via Panama | St. Bede | Br. | Dodwell |
| " 27 | .. | Tacoma | Manila maru | Jap. | A. T. Co. |
| " 28 | .. | San Francisco etc. | Hazel Dollar | Am. | Dollar & Co. |
| July 2 | 10.30* | Seattle, Wash. | Sado maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 2 | P.M. | San Francisco | China | Am | C. M. S. S. Co. |
| " 4 | P.M. | Vancouver B.C. | Monteagle | Br. | C. P. O. S. |
| " 5 | .. | Tacoma | Nanking maru | Jap. | A. T. Co. |
| " 12 | .. | New York via Panama | Toyooka maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 14 | P.M. | Vancouver B.C. | Empress of Russia | Br. | C. P. O. S. |
| " 16 | noon | Seattle, Wash. | Awa maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 21 | P.M. | San Francisco | Tenyo maru | Jap. | A. T. Co. |
| " 22 | .. | Boston & New York | Mumcaster Castle | Br. | Dodwell |
| " 24 | noon | Seattle, Wash. | Shidzuoka maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| Aug 1 | .. | San Francisco etc. | Bessie Dollar | Br. | Dollar Co. |
| Sep. 8 | P.M. | San Fancisco | China | Am. | C. M. S. S. Co. |
| " 15 | .. | San Francisco etc. | Strathardle | Br. | Dollar Co. |

### FOR JAPAN PORTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 23 | 3.00 | Nagasaki | Penza | Rus. | R. V. F. |
| " 23 | 2.30 | Kobe, Yokohama | Suwa maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 24 | 4.00* | Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe | Hakuai maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 25 | D.L. | Moji, Kobe etc. | Namsang | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| " 26 | 7.00* | Kobe, Moji etc. | Japan | Br. | D. Sassoon |
| " 27 | 8.30* | Nagasaki, Moji | Yamashiro maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| July 4 | P.M. | Kobe, Yokohama | Atlantique | Fr. | Cie M. M. |
| " 4 | P.M. | Moji, Kobe etc. | Monteagle | Br. | C.P.O.S. |
| " 14 | .. | Nagasaki, Kobe | Empress of Russia | Br. | C. P. O. S. |
| " 18 | P.M. | Kobe, Yokohama | Polynesien | Fr. | Cie M. M. |
| " 21 | 5.00 | Nagasaki, Kobe etc. | Tenyo maru | Jap. | A. T. Co. |

### FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 25 | 9.30* | Marseilles via Suez | Nyanza | Br. | P. & O. |
| " 26 | .. | Batavia etc. | Tjikini | Dut. | H.-C. T. Co. |
| " 27 | .. | Marseilles, London | Carmarthenshire | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| July 1 | .. | London, Marseilles via Cape | Kashima maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 4 | P.M. | Marseilles etc. | Andre Lebon | Fr. | Cie M. M. |
| " 5 | D.L. | London via Cape | Antilochus | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 10 | 9.30* | Marseilles, London via Suez | Nellore | Br. | P. & O. |
| " 12 | D.L. | London via Cape | Priam | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 15 | . | London, etc via Cape | Mishima maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 18 | D.L. | London via Cape | Phemius | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 19 | P.M. | Marseilles via Suez | Atlantique | Fr. | Cie M. M. |
| " 23 | P.M. | London, etc via Cape | Suwa maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 24 | 9.30* | Marseilles, London via Suez | Nankin | Br. | P. & O. |

### FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 23 | 5.00 | Hongkong | Persia maru | Jap | A. T. Co. |
| " 23 | A.M. | Foochow | Hsinchi | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| " 23 | 4.00 | Ningpo | Hsin Peking | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 24 | P.M. | Hongkong | Monteagle | Br. | C. P. O. S. |
| " 25 | D.L. | Hongkong, Canton | Yingchow | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 27 | D.L. | Hongkong, Canton | Chenan | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 29 | D.L. | Hongkong, Canton | Anhui | Br. | B. & S. |
| July 7 | .. | Hongkong | Shidzuoka maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 11 | 9.00* | Keelung direct | Joshin maru | Jap. | N. K. K. |

### FOR NORTHERN PORTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 23 | D.L. | Newchwang | Yunnan | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 23 | D.L. | Tientsin, Direct | Kwangping | Br. | K. M. A. |
| " 23 | 3.00 | Vladivostock | Penza | Rus. | R. V. F. |
| " 23 | 4.00 | Tsingtao and Dalny | Kobe maru | Jap. | S. M. R. |
| " 24 | 10.00* | Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin | Shengking | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 24 | D.L. | Newchwang | Paoting | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 24 | D.L. | Haichow, Iching | Kwangse | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 25 | A.M. | Chefoo, Tientsin | Hsinkong | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| " 25 | 9.00* | Tsingtao and Dalny | Ono maru No. 12 | Jap. | S. . R. |
| " 25 | D.L. | Chinwangtao | Burrumbeet | Br. | K. M. A. |
| " 27 | 3.00 | Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin | Shuntien | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 27 | 8.30* | Dalny | Sakaki maru | Jap. | S. M. R. |
| July 11 | 9.00* | Tientsin, Dalny | Keelung maru | Jap. | N. K. K. |

### FOR RIVER PORTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 23 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Tachi maru | Jap. | N. K. K. |
| " 23 | M.N. | do | Tungting | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 23 | M.N. | do | Loongwo | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| " 24 | M.N. | do | Ngankin | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 24 | M.N. | do | Ningshao | Br. | Geddes & Co. |
| " 24 | M.N. | do | Fengyang maru | Jap. | N. K. K. |
| " 25 | M.N. | do | Kiangfoo | Chi. | C.M.S.N.Co. |
| " 26 | M.N. | do | Luenho | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| " 26 | M.N. | do | Kianghsin | Chi. | C.M.S.N.Co. |
| " 27 | M.N. | do | Suiwo | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| " 27 | M.N. | do | Wuchang | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 28 | M.N. | do | Tatung | Br. | B. & S. |

* A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

## Arrivals

| Date | From | Ship's Name | Tons | Flag | Agents | Berth |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 22 | Ningpo | Kiangteen | 2012 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co | KLYW |
| June 22 | Japan | Magellan | 2962 | Fr. | Cie M.M. | |
| June 22 | Japan | Toyora maru | 1482 | Jap. | M. B. Co. | |
| June 22 | Hongkong | Suwa maru | | Jap. | N. Y. K. | |
| June 22 | Dalny | Kobe maru | 1536 | Jap. | S. M. R. | WW |
| June 22 | Hankow | Fengyang maru | 2808 | Jap. | N. K. K. | NYKW |
| June 22 | Hankow | Loongwo | 2386 | Br. | J. M. & Co. | SHW |
| June 22 | Chinwangtao | Neisei maru | 1529 | Jap. | K. M. A. | |
| June 22 | Java | Tjikini | 2888 | Dut. | H. C. T. Co. | |

## Departures

| Date | For | Ship's Name | Tons | Flag | Agents |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 22 | Hankow etc. | Kiangkwan | 1450 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| " 22 | Swatow, Hongkong, Canton | Taishun | 1216 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| " 22 | Swatow | Wosang | 1127 | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| " 22 | Hankow etc. | Poyang | 1892 | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 22 | Japan | Kumano maru | 3154 | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 22 | Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin | Fengtien | 1073 | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 22 | Manila | Kioto | 4020 | Jap. | M. B. K. |
| " 22 | | Foochow | 1228 | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 22 | Takao, Foochow via Keelung | Keelung maru | 1035 | Jap. | N. K. K. |
| " 22 | Ningpo | Kiangteen | 2012 | Chi. | S.M.S.N. Co |

## Vessels' In Harbor And At Woosung

| Arrived | From | Ship's Name | Tons | Flag | Agents | Berth |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Nov 14 | Hankow | Albenga | 2769 | Ger. | Carlowitz | USA |
| Aug 4 | Hongkong | Bohemia | 4282 | Aus. | Aus. Lloyd | B VII |
| Aug 5 | Hongkong | China | 8868 | Aus. | Aus. Lloyd | CMEW |
| June 1 | Amoy | Chiyuen | 2111 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| June 19 | Antung | Chungking | 1311 | Bri. | B. & S. | WTW |
| June 21 | Japan | City of Bombay | | Br. | M. B. K. | PWE |
| Aug 8 | Hongkong | D. Rickmers | 2651 | Ger. | H. D. & Co. | USA |
| Apr 14 | Hongkong | Elesabeth | 4131 | Nor. | Wallem & Co. | B. IV |
| June 19 | Japan | Eurybates | 3507 | Br. | B. & S. | BV |
| Dec 27 | Nanking | Fortuna | 182 | Ger. | H. D. & Co | 10 p |
| May 30 | Foochow | Hsinkong | 1267 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| June 18 | Hankow | Hanping | 981 | Chi. | H.Y.P.I. & Co | HYPW |
| June 21 | Chefoo | Hsinchi | 1385 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| June 21 | Antung | Hakushin maru | 827 | Jap. | S. M. R. | 10 p |
| June 21 | Japan | Hakuai maru | 1434 | Jap. | N. Y. K. | NYKW |
| June 21 | Nagasaki | Iwanasheieff | | Rus. | | OWSB |
| Apr 22 | Hongkong | Kwanglee | 4681 | Chi. | C.M.S.N.Co. | KLYW |
| May 23 | Hankow | Kinling | 2511 | Br. | B. & S. | CNWP |
| May 26 | Hankow | Kiangyung | 1451 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| June 19 | Chinwangtao | Kwangping | 1244 | Br. | K. M. A. | KMAW |
| June 20 | Hankow | Kiangwah | 2321 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| July 16 | Hankow | Meidah | 1682 | Ger. | Melchers | NGLB 1 |
| July 30 | Hankow | Meilee | 1682 | Ger. | Melchers | NGLB 1 |
| June 2 | Hankow | Meifoo | 406 | Am. | S. Oil Co | SOCW |
| June 7 | Hankow | Meian | 461 | Am. | S. Oil Co. | HYPW |
| June 20 | Hongkong | Namsang | 2591 | Br. | J. M. & Co. | SHW |
| May 24 | Cruise | Pacific | 727 | Dan. | G. N. T. Co | 9 p |
| June 21 | Vladivostock | Penza | 1345 | Rus. | R. V. F. | 9 p |
| July 30 | Tsingtao | Sikiang | 1840 | Ger. | H. A. L. | Int D W |
| July 30 | Hongkong | Silesia | 5446 | Aus. | Aus. Lloyd | S VIII |
| Dec 16 | Yangtse | Shuhun | 495 | Chi. | S. N. Co | KNDW |
| June 16 | New York | St. Bede | 8139 | Br. | Dodwell | PWW |
| June 19 | Cruise | Store Nordiske | 596 | Dan. | G.-N. T. Co. | 8 p |
| June 21 | Hongkong | Shantung | 1568 | Br. | B. & S. | WTW |
| June 20 | Hankow | Talee maru | 1126 | Jap. | N. K. K. | LPDW |
| June 21 | Hongkong | Tydeus | | Br. | B. & S. | |
| June 21 | Japan | Toto maru | 1167 | Jap. | S. S. | |
| June 21 | Tientsin | Unda | 879 | Br. | A. P. Co. | APCLW |
| June 20 | Japan | Wakasa maru | 3677 | Jap. | N. Y. K. | SOCW |
| June 19 | Hongkong | Yingchow | 1216 | Br. | B. & S. | WTW |
| June 21 | Antung | Yunnan | 3770 | Br. | B. & S. | WTW |

## Vessels Loading

### For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.— The Co.'s Str. Tachi Maru, Captain Y. Matsumoto, will be despatched from the Pootung N.K.K. Wharf on Friday, June 23 at midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Fengyang Maru, Captain S. Takano, will be be despatched from N.Y.K. Wharf on Saturday, June 24 at midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangfoo, Capt. A. S. Malcolm, will leave on Sunday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

### For Southern Ports

HONGKONG.—The s.s. Persia Maru, will be despatched on Friday, June 23. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For passage apply to The American Trading Company.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsinchi, Capt. E. Hansen, will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

KEELUNG DIRECTLY.—The Str. Joshin Maru, Captain T. Narushima, will be despatched from the Co.'s Pootung wharf on July 11, at 9 a.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Agents' Office at 8 a.m., on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, Agents, No. 5, The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

### For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration s.s. Kwangping will leave on Friday, June 23. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, No. 1 Jinkee Road. Tel. No. 319.

CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The Str. Hsinkong, Capt. P. Halkett, Will leave on Sunday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration chartered s.s. Burrumbeet will leave on Sunday, June 25. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, N. 1 Jinkee Road. Tel. No. 319.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN.—The Str. Keelung Maru, Captain A. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtzsepoo wharf on July 11, at 9 a.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Agents' Office at 8 a.m., on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, Agents, No. 5, The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

### For Japan

NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—The s.s. Tenyo Maru 22,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith, will be despatched on Friday, July 21, 1916. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

### For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The s.s. Tenyo Maru 22,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith, will be despatched on Friday, July 21, 1916. Passengers booked to all, points in America, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

### Shipping Items

The C.N. s.s. Chenan left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachi Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Kwongsang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien left Tientsin for Shanghai via Weihaiwei and Chefoo yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Anhui left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The American and Hawaiian s.s. Georgian, from San Francisco, is expected to arrive here today.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The T.K.K. s.s. Persia Maru may be expected to arrive at Woosung at 6 a.m., today.

The C.M. s.s. Poochi left Wenchow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Kingsing left Tientsin for Shanghai via Weihaiwei and Chefoo yesterday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Atsuta Maru, (chartered), left Chingwangtao for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The B.-I. s.s. Japan left Hongkong for Shanghai on Wednesday, and is expected to arrive here tomorrow.

The P. and O. s.s. Nyanza from Japan, is due to arrive here tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Antilochus left Hongkong for Shanghai at 5 a.m. on Wednesday.

### Passengers' Arrived

Per S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru from Dalny:—Mr. J. G. Ward.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru from Hongkong:—Mrs. M. Jones, Mr. F. Belfield, Mr. and Mrs. Zernichow and child, Mrs. Wattergreen, Mr. H. G. Shaw, Mr. H. Y. Ling, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Minnett, Mr. and Mrs. H. Pearman, Mr. E. J. Commisariat, Mr. T. V. Aass, Mr. T. Kundzen, Mr. Chan Kat-wan, Mr. W. K. Hakai, Mr. Chan Yu-wang, Mr. Tse Chin, Mr. Le Din-hak, Mr. Cheang Yuk-san, Mr. Ma Ying-pin, Mr. Tseng Leung-ting, Mr. and Mrs. C. Chenet, Mr. Je Vo-ken, Mr. Jen Gen, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis, Mr. T. Ohashi, Mr. K. Nagahara, Mr. Alfred de Sousa, Mrs. Lan Be, Mr. and Mrs. Cha Sin-ao and child, Mr. Chan Tung-sang, Mr. Topao, Mrs. Y. H. Yi, Mr. Ung Siew-Hian, Mr. Shaku Tsen, Mr. Shaku An, Mrs. Tse Chin, Mr. Rian She-yu.

Per I.-C. s.s. Loongwo from Hankow:—Mrs. Mosen, Dr. Huntley, Mr. Harvey, Mr. W. J. Gugorieff, Mr. S. Bendin, and Mr. H. Drevard.

### Passengers Departed

Per M.M. s.s. Magellan for Marseilles:—Miss Jeanne Durbec, Mr. H. Vander Stegen, Mr. Giron, Capt. et Mme Luriche, Capt. Schneiller, Capt. Castinetti, Mr. Le Page. For Colombo:—Mr. P. C. Bedrosian. For Singapore:—Mr. R. Well, Mr. W. B. Daniel, Mr. K. S. Oon, Mr. W. P. Ampenff, Mr. K. K. Khouw, Mr. P. Cillen, Mr. Yu Poh-sau and 2 infants, Mr. Yu Poh-sau, Mr. Wang Hing-yang, Mrs. Yu Yao-zie and infant. For Saigon:—Mr. I. Pelletin, Mr. Trividic, Mr. Bertud, Mr. Laurier, Mr. Feron, Mr. and Mrs. Morton Cameron. For Hongkong:—Mrs. C. Reed, Mr. S. H. Dodwell, Mr. Tin So-lai, Mr. Tin Chi-foo, Mr. C. E. Weaks, Rev. Pere Nicouleau, Mr. Baronne Fitingoff.

### Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying departing passengers and mails to the R.V.F. s.s. Penza will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m.

The tender conveying departing passengers and mails to the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m.

The tender conveying departing passengers and mails to the T.K.K. s.s. Persia Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m.

### Men-of-War In Port

| Section | Date | From | Name | Flag and Rating | Tons | Guns | Men | Commander |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 p. | June 15 | Cruise | Ajax | Am Aux. | 800 | | 80 | Lundberg |
| 8 II | April 8 | Cruise | Brooklyn** | Am cru. | 9215 | 20 | 500 | Day |
| P & O B I | June 5 | Cruise | Cincinnati | Am cru. | 3213 | 17 | 293 | Fewel |
| Y T P D | June 3 | Cruise | Palos | Am g-b. | | | | Cake |

**Flagship, Far Eastern Squadron.

Admiral A. H. Winterhalter in command.

The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Decidee, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

### Siccawei Weather Report

21.—Rainy weather in the northern and central districts.

Southerly breezes all along the coast.

Very low pressures all over the continent.

Signs of a depression still lingering on the coasts of the Gulf of Tongking.

22.—Overcast damp hot weather. Winds veering to the S. Barometer slightly rising.

### Meteorological Readings

Thursday, June 22, 1916.

| WEATHER. | 4 a.m. | 9 a.m. |
|---|---|---|
| Bar. at Centg., mm | 751.68 | 753.23 |
| " " inches | 29.59 | 29.65 |
| Variation mm. for 24 h | †1.52 | †0.35 |
| Variation mm. for 12 h | †0.91 | -1.28 |
| Wind Direction | SSE | S |
| Wind Klom per hour | 14 | 12 |
| Wind Miles | 8.7 | 7.5 |
| Temperature Cen | 24°4 | 28°4 |
| Temperature Fahr | 75.9 | 83.2 |
| Humidity: co | 91 | 79 |
| Nebulosity: 5-10 | 10 | 10 |
| Rainfall mm | — | — |
| Rainfall inches | — | — |


**Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Limited**

Trans-Pacific Lines

To

**Canada, U. S. & Europe.**

(Subject to Change)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Monteagle | July | 4 |
| Empress of Russia | " | 14 |
| Empress of Japan | July | 28 |
| Empress of Asia | Aug. | 11 |
| Monteagle | Sept. | 2 |
| Empress of Russia | Sept. | 8 |
| Empress of Japan | Sept. | 22 |
| Empress of Asia | Oct. | 6 |
| Empress of Russia | Nov. | 3 |

For further information apply to

L. E. N. RYAN, *Agent.*

Tel. 1668

Corner Peking & Yuen-ming-yuen Roads

**T. K. K.**

**TOYO KISEN KAISHA.**

*Imperial Japanese and U.S. Mail Line.*

*To San Francisco from Shanghai by Semi-Tropical Route, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu*

PROPOSED SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. "TENYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | July | 21 |
| " "SHINYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Aug. | 18 |
| " "TENYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Oct. | 7 |
| " "SHINYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Nov. | 4 |
| " "TENYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Dec. | 22 |

*From Nagasaki to San Francisco*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. "PERSIA MARU" | 9,000 tons | July | 11 |
| " "NIPPON MARU" | 11,000 tons | Aug. | 8 |
| " "PERSIA MARU" | 9,000 tons | Sept. | 26 |
| " "NIPPON MARU" | 11,000 tons | Oct. | 24 |
| " "PERSIA MARU" | 9,000 tons | Dec. | 12 |

*Fran Nagasagi to Manila*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. "TENYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | July | 2 |
| " "SHINYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | July | 30 |
| " "TENYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Sept. | 16 |
| " "SHINYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Oct. | 14 |
| " "TENYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Dec. | 9 |

All the steamers of this Company are equipped with wireless electric fans in all staterooms, electric light in all berths, swimming tanks and all conveniences.

THROUGH TICKETS and BILLS OF LADING issued to San Francisco to the principal cities of the United States and Canada by the Overland Railways, to Mexico, Central and South American ports, and through tickets to Europe by connecting New York and St. Lawrence lines. Particulars of the various routes to be had on application. All passage money payable in local currency at rate of exchange on day of purchase.

SPECIAL REDUCED RATES by the s.s. "Nippon Maru," and s.s. "Persia Maru", affording superior accommodation at reduced rates.

Round-trip tickets at reduced rates. Lay-over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Through rates include rail transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama, if desired.

RETURN PORTION of round trip Trans-Pacific passage of the Canadian Pacific Railway Co., from Vancouver to Shanghai will be honored by this Company to San Francisco, or vice versa.

For further information, rates of passage money and freight, apply to

THE AMERICAN TRADING COMPANY, *Agents.*

Telephone No. 3229. 53, Szechuen Road.

**DOLLAR S. S. LINE**

**Pacific Service**

PROPOSED SAILINGS

S. S. "Hazel Dollar" . . . June 28th

S. S. "Bessie Dollar" . . . Aug. 1st

S. S. "Strathardle" . . . . Sept. 15th

S. S. "Hazel Dollar" . . . Oct. 1st

*Will accept cargo for San Francisco, San Pedro, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and Vancouver.*

*Through Bills of Lading issued to the principal cities of the United States and Canada.*

*For further information as to freight rates, apply to*

**THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.**

Union Building, corner of Canton Road and Bund

Telephone 2331.

**CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.**

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

**S.S. CHINA**

(AMERICAN REGISTRY)

WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR

**SAN FRANCISCO**

VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

JULY 2. SEPT. 8. NOV. 14.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATE REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

FOR HONGKONG

AUG. 26. NOV. 1.

G. J. PETROCELLI. FRT. AND PASS. AGENT

NO. 6 KIUKIANG ROAD.

'PHONE 4773. 4TH FLOOR

# MISSIONERS DECLARE CONSCIENCE PREVENTS CONSULATE REGISTRY

### Say, As Christians, Couldn't Accept British Protection In China

### MARRIAGE IS QUESTIONED

### Magistrate Says Defense Is Absurd and Imposes Fines Of Five Dollars

Religious scruples was the reason given yesterday for the failure of J. E. Gorrie and Margaret Elizabeth Gorrie to register as British subjects. They were before Mr. G. W. King in the British Police Court on a charge of failing to register. The court said that the defense was absurd and assessed each with a fine of $5.

In answer to his Worship Mr. Gorrie said he pleaded guilty. The second defendant said that before she could answer the charge, the summons must be corrected. Her maiden name was Molloy, but her present name was Gorrie.

Mr. Whitamore, Vice-Consul, said the defendants were British subjects. They had been round to the Consulate, but not to register themselves as British subjects, and they had not done so this year.

His Worship—Have they been requested to register?

Witness—I believe so. I was told so, but I was not there myself when they were requested to register.

Replying to the court, the first defendant said he had been here over 18 months and was now about to leave the country. Sir Everard Fraser asked him to register about 18 months ago.

**Conscientious Objections**

His Worship—Well, why did you not register?—I have conscientious reasons for not registering.

His Worship—What are they?—The chief reason is that as a Christian worker in a foreign country I cannot conscientiously claim the protection of the British Government or any special privileges, and by registering myself I should establish a claim to those principles.

Defendant said he did not know the law of China but he had heard of extra-territoriality.

His Worship—And you realise what extra-territoriality means?—I think I can claim the extra privileges.

His Worship—Of what? English law?—Yes.

His Worship—You understand you can claim that, and part of the law of England in China is to register. Do you then claim that you want the privileges but none of the obligations?—No sir.

His Worship—That is what it amounts to.

Defendant—I do not think so.

His Worship—You would put in a claim quick enough if you got into trouble, would you not?—No. I would not.

His Worship—I think you would, in fact I am quite certain you would. You understand that British subjects who come to China are here because the British Government has a Treaty with China by which the Chinese Government is not entitled to exercise jurisdiction over British subjects. Do you understand that?—Yes.

**'No Sense At All'**

His Worship—Very well, that being so it is obvious that British subjects in China must obey the law of England, and any objection that you raise to registering because you are a religious worker seems to my mind to have no sense in it at all; because if you got into trouble here you would be the first person to cry out for the protection of the English law. That is quite certain, is it not?

Defendant—I am not claiming that I would cry out at all.

His Worship—Let me give you a case. Supposing you assaulted somebody and British law did not regard it as serious; and supposing according to Chinese law it was regarded as serious and the Chinese authorities were going to deal with you; don't you think you would cry out for Great Britain's protection at once? I am certain you would. You think that over. Work it out. Think what extra-territoriality means to you, and then tell me you don't want to have the privileges of English law.

Defendant—I am here to pay whatever penalty the English law exacts.

His Worship—That I quite understand.

Further questioned by the court, defendant said he intended leaving shortly for Australia.

**Marriage Service Questioned**

Mr. Whitamore said the defendants went to the Consulate and asked to have their marriage registered. They had not been married at the Consulate, and witness told them he could do nothing for them. The second defendant told him Sir Everard Fraser had promised her that the marriage could be registered and witness said he thought she must have misunderstood the Consul-General because it was an extraordinarily irregular thing.

Answering the Magistrate, the second defendant said she was now Mrs. Gorrie.

His Worship—Where were you married?—I am not here to answer questions about my marriage but about registration, and according to the law it is my husband's business to register me. Deal with my husband please, because I refuse to be dealt with.

His Worship—Pardon me, don't adopt that attitude, because I have got power to deal with you. When did your name change to Gorrie?—The day we were married. I am not here to answer questions about my marriage; it is a question of registration. Mr. Gorrie confirms that I am his wife, and he answers for me as a married woman. It is not for the court to say whether our marriage is legal or not legal.

His Worship—If your marriage is illegal you might call yourself Gorrie but your real name would be Molloy. All I ask is where the marriage took place?—At 16 Fearon Road, Shanghai.

His Worship—Before whom?—In the presence of God and witnesses; if you will excuse me, if you insist on dealing with me on this summons I ask for an adjournment. I have a statement to make, and I must have witnesses. The first witness I wish to call is the Consul-General.

His Worship—Do you want me to go into the question of your marriage?—I refuse to go into the question.

**'Very Inconsistent'**

His Worship—Then I am afraid you are very inconsistent.—I won't answer to this name. My name is not Molloy.

His Worship—You have to show me that your name is not Molloy. Can you do so?—I want an adjournment. I want to call Sir Everard Fraser, Dean Walker, Mr. Mossop, and two other witnesses. I refuse to answer this summons, and I refuse to prove that I am married.

His Worship—I have heard that your marriage took place before God at 16 Fearon Road. There are only two ways you can be married in China. The proper way is before a Consular officer, and the only other marriage recognised is marriage before a clerk in Holy Orders. Did your marriage take place in either of those ways?—I am not going to answer this unless you give me time to make my defence.

Mr. Whitamore—If Mrs. Gorrie is quite convinced she is Mrs. Gorrie why was it necessary to go to the Consulate to have the marriage registered?

His Worship—It seems to me the whole thing is a quibble. I don't want witnesses. Tell me how your marriage took place and then I shall know whether it was a legal marriage.

His Worship declined to subpoena witnesses, and proceeded to ask the second defendant: Don't you think you are an unreasonable person? Have you been in China before? A—I will not answer any questions.

His Worship—Both defendants will be fined $5 each. It seems to me, Mrs. Gorrie, that your defence is an absurd one. You refuse to show me which your name is. You have both got to register at once, and if the Consulate decides to proceed further against you for non-registration I shall then have to consider the question of your going to jail.

The fines were paid.

# War Made Benefactor Finds Girl to Educate

VIRGINIA DAVIS.

New York, May 15.—After fourteen days of tireless searching, endless scanning of school reports and listening to recitals of mothers and daughters, L. A. Hoffman, the war made semi-millionaire has at last found a girl whom he will educate. Two weeks ago he announced his intention of sending some worthy girl through college.

The girl he has finally selected is Miss Virginia Davis, thirteen, the only daughter of Mrs. Grace Davis, a widow of Brooklyn. Virginia is now in the seventh grade, but from now on, through her high school course, and then through Bryn Mawr College, Mr. Hoffman will pay Virginia's expenses. Mr. Hoffman has known Mrs. Davis and her daughter for years. He chose Virginia after the letters and calls from the parents of other girls showed no signs of abatement.

The child has a well established idea of her future work in life. "I am going to study social problems," she explained, "and when I get out of college I am going to take up welfare work. Maybe I can pay Mr. Hoffman back that way," she added, softly.

The lately harassed benefactor is now going to New Orleans, where he will choose a girl from that city to educate. Already he is dreading the phalanx of eager mothers who, he feels certain, will be on the station platform ready to welcome him.

# King Honors Admirals Jellicoe And Beatty

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 20.—His Majesty has been pleased to create Admiral Sir John Jellicoe a Knight Grand Cross and Vice-Admiral Sir David Beatty a Knight Commander of the Royal Victorian Order.

## ITALIANS ADVANCING

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, June 21.—An official communique issued today reported: Three enemy night attacks, southwest of Asiago, were repulsed, with heavy loss. We continued our difficult advance in Frenzela Valley. Frequent counter-attacks made by the enemy were repulsed.

## MORE SHIPS SUNK

**Loss of 6,800 Ton Vessel; Heavy Greek Loss**

London, May 27.—The British steamer El Argentino (6809 tons, owners Argentine Cargo Line) has been sunk. All the crew have landed. The Italian (?) ship Australia and the Italian steamer Cornigliano (2826 tons), not Cagliano, as previously reported, have been sunk.

The Spanish steamer Aurrera, 2,845 tons, has been sunk.

The Italian steamer Ercole, 122 tons, has been sunk by a submarine in the Mediterranean.

The Norwegian steamer Olaf Kyrre, 3,063 tons, bound for New York, was seized in the Cattegat yesterday by two German warships and taken to Swinemunde.

A dispatch from Athens Says that The Press continues to express indignation at the torpedoing of Greek steamers by Austro-German submarines, and suggests that the Greek Government should claim the same rights for its flag as the American Government. Fifteen Greek steamers, totalling about 40,000 tons, have hitherto been destroyed by German submarines or mines.

Some of the Greek shipowners have been advised to demand the seizure of Austrian and German steamers lying in different Greek ports in case Austria or Germany should refuse to pay an indemnity for the steamers which have been sunk.

The Socialist group in the French Chamber has given notice of a motion proposing the requisition for the duration of the war of the entire French mercantile marine.

# Dutch Ship Returns To the Suez Route

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, June 21.—The Nieuwe van den Dag states that the steamer Prinses Juliana, which sails for the East Indies today, resumes the Suez route.

## AIR RAID ON EL ARISH

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 21.—An official communique reports: On the 19th, eleven of our aeroplanes bombed the enemy's aerodrome, camps and troops at El Arish. They destroyed two aeroplanes on the ground, killing the pilot, observer and mechanics of one which was about to fly and burned and damaged the hangars. It is probable that at least five other aeroplanes were destroyed. We lost three aeroplanes, but all the pilots were saved.

## THE CIE HONG FONG

In reporting the trial of the alleged assassins of Chen Chi-mei yesterday, THE CHINA PRESS said that the Cie Hong Fong, a coal office which employed some of the accused, was a rendezvous and blind for Yuan Shih-k'ai's secret service men "according to the statement of the French Police." A French official declared yesterday that it has not yet been determined what party made use of this concern. It probably will depend on the hearings now being conduoted in the French Mixed Court to bring out what faction established the Cie Hong Fong.

## News Brevities

Mr. David Landale, of Jardine, Matheson and Co., arrived in Shanghai on Wednesday and will leave for Hongkong today on the steamer Monteagle.

* * *

A Chinese boy 15 years old fell off a pontoon at the Customs Jetty yesterday afternoon and was drowned. No inquest was held as the mother appeared and claimed the body.


H. G. WALKER
1-A Jinkee Road
Ores, Minerals, Metals, Industrial Chemicals and Commodities.
CAUSTIC SODA
now ready for delivery
Will Buy—Large Tonnage
ANTIMONY ORE
9023

SILBERMAN'S DRAPERY AND OUTFITTING STORES
No. 1-B Broadway
(Opposite Astor House)
TENNIS RACKETS JACQUES TENNIS BALLS
Just landed, supplies of the above for season 1916. The combination of highest quality and strength with perfect balance, are the outstanding features of
JACQUES RACKETS
Obtainable at
SILBERMAN'S

Voelkel & Schroeder, A.-G.
37, Nanking Road
Shanghai.

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 4 Canton Road

Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.
Regular Steamship service between Sweden and China.
Shanghai Agents:
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Limited.

G. E. Electric Fans
On Sale
at
All Reliable Dealers


## CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)
November 1st, 1915, and until further notice

| Mail 3 | Mail 5 | Miles | | | Mail 102 | Mail 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8.30 | 16.35 | 0 | dep. Peking | arr. | 8.44 | 18.55 |
| 11.25 | 19.10 | | arr. Tientsin-Central | dep. | 5.08 | 15.58 |
| 11.35 | 19.17 | 82 | dep. Tientsin-Central | arr. | 5.03 | 15.53 |
| | | | | | Mond. & Thursd. | |
| 11.45 | 19.25 | | arr. Tientsin-East | dep. | 4.55 | 15.45 |

| Mail 102 | Mail 2 | | | | Mail 1 | Mail 104 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sund. & Wed. | Fridays | | | | | |
| 9.35 | 0.01 | 0 | dep. Mukden | arr. | 21.00 | 19.27 |
| Mond. & Thursd. | | | | | | |
| 4.45 | 18.27 | | arr. Tientsin-East | dep. | 1.25 | 1.25 |
| 4.55 | 18.34 | 434 | dep. Tientsin-East | arr. | 1.10 | 1.10 |
| | | | | | Thursd. | Tuesd. & Saturd. |
| 5.03 | 18.41 | | arr. Tientsin-Central | dep. | 1.01 | 1.01 |

Peking-Mukden Line

| Local 5 | Mail 3 | | | | | Mail 4 | Local 6 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7.30 | 12.30 | 0 | dep. | Tientsin-East | arr. | 15.32 | 19.56 |
| 7.40 | 12.40 | 2.71 | arr. | Tientsin-Central | dep. | 15.22 | 19.46 |
| 8.00 | 18.00 | | dep. | Tientsin-Central | arr. | 15.02 | 19.26 |
| 11.48 | 16.30 | 78 | dep. | Tsangchow | dep. | 11.57 | 15.23 |
| 15.12 | 19.38 | 149 | dep. | Tochow | dep. | 9.17 | 12.13 |
| 18.16 | 22.41 | | arr. | Tsinanfu | dep. | 6.30 | 9.00 |
| 7 | | 221 | | | | | 8 |
| 7.30 | 23.01 | | dep. | Tsinanfu | arr. | 6.10 | 17.42 |
| 10.09 | 1.28 | 266 | dep. | Tsianfu | dep. | 3.56 | 15.12 |
| 12.30 | 3.49 | 319 | arr. | Yenchowfu | dep. | 1.04 | 12.41 |
| 12.45 | 3.59 | | dep. | Yenchowfu | arr. | 0.54 | 12.26 |
| 15.36 | 6.55 | 378 | dep. | Lincheng | dep. | 22.06 | 10.02 |
| 17.46 | 9.03 | | arr. | Hsuchowfu | dep. | 19.35 | 7.40 |
| | | 421 | | | | | 10 |
| 9 6.00 | 9.23 | | dep. | Hsuchowfu | arr. | 19.15 | 20.50 |
| 11.30 | 13.18 | | arr. | Pangpu | dep. | 14.52 | 15.25 |
| 11.50 | 13.28 | 523 | dep. | Pangpu | arr. | 14.42 | 14.18 |
| 18.02 | 17.07 | 601 | dep. | Chuchow | dep. | 11.11 | 8.51 |
| 19.53 | 18.23 | 62 | arr. | Pukow | dep. | 9.45 | 6.50 |

| Exp. | Exp. | | | | | Exp. | Fast |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | dep. | Nanking Ferry | Shanghai arr. | 7.05 | |
| | | | dep. | Nanking | Nanking dep. | 7.00 | 15.04 |
| 23.00 | 23.00 | 0 | arr. | Shanghai | Line dep. | 23.00 | 7.35 |
| 7.00 | 7.00 | 193 | | | | | |

| Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line | | | | Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8.45 | 14.00 | dep. Yenchowfu arr. | 7.18 | 11.48 | 11.20 | 17.30 | dep. Lincheng arr. | 8.08 | 14.38 |
| 9.48 | 15.03 | arr. Tsiningchow dep. | 6.15 | 10.45 | 12.28 | 18.38 | arr. Tsochuang dep. | 7.00 | 13.30 |

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November 1915.

## SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE.

Shanghai To Nanking—Up (Main Line) Nanking To Shanghai—Down

| STATIONS. | 1 Fast R | 3 Local | 5 3 & 4 Class | 7 Local | 9 Express R | 11 Local | 13 Local | 15 Night Express R.S. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A.M. | A.M. | A.M. | A.M. | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. |
| SHANGHAI NORTH ..dep. | 7.35 | | 9.00 | 10.30 | 1.05 | 3.45 | 5.30 | 11.00 |
| Nanzigan.. .. .. | 8.08 | | 9.31 | 10.56 | 1.28 | 4.08 | 6.00 | |
| Kunshan .. .. | 8.53 | | 10.23 | 11.52 | | 4.54 | 7.09 | A.M. |
| SOOCHOW { arr. | 9.40 | | 11.34 | 12.48 | 2.37 | 5.49 | 8.05 | 1.00 |
| SOOCHOW { dep. | 9.50 | | 11.44 | | 2.45 | 5.59 | | 1.10 |
| WUSIH .. { arr. | 10.40 | | 12.56 | | 3.27 | 7.03 | | 2.09 |
| WUSIH .. { dep. | 10.50 | | 1.03 | | 3.37 | 7.08 | | 2.19 |
| CHANGCHOW { arr. | 11.40 | | 2.05 | | 4.16 | 8.07 | | 3.14 |
| CHANGCHOW { dep. | 11.50 | 6.50 | 2.13 | | 4.25 | | | 3.24 |
| TANYANG .. { arr. | 12.45 | 8.00 | 3.19 | | 5.10 | | | |
| TANYANG .. { dep. | 12.48 | 8.08 | 3.22 | | 5.11 | | | |
| CHINKIANG { arr. | 1.25 | 8.52 | 4.14 | | 5.41 | | | 5.14 |
| CHINKIANG { dep. | 1.33 | 9.02 | 4.24 | | 5.51 | | | 5.24 |
| NANKING .. arr. | 3.04 | 11.00 | 6.18 | | 7.00 | | | 7.00 |
| Nanking Ferry .. .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | *7.05 |

| STATIONS. | 2 Fast R | 4 Local | 6 Local | 8 3 & 4 Class | 10 Express R | 12 Local | 14 Local | 16 Night Express R.S. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A.M. | A.M. | A.M. | A.M. | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. | P.M |
| Nanking Ferry ..dep. | .. | | | .. | .. | | .. | .. |
| NANKING .. ..dep. | 7.30 | | | 8.35 | 1.20 | | 3.50 | 11.00 |
| CHINKIANG.. { arr. | 8.57 | | | 10.23 | 2.37 | | 5.09 | A.M. |
| CHINKIANG.. { dep. | 9.07 | | | 10.33 | 2.47 | | 5.20 | 0.46 |
| TANYANG .. { arr. | 9.46 | | | 11.24 | 3.20 | | 6.50 | 1.00 |
| TANYANG .. { dep. | 9.49 | | | 11.27 | 3.21 | | 6.53 | |
| CHANGCHOW { arr. | 10.47 | | | 12.48 | 4.09 | | 8.00 | 2.03 |
| CHANGCHOW { dep. | 10.57 | | 7.10 | 1.05 | 4.19 | | | 2.13 |
| WUSIH .. { arr. | 11.46 | | 8.14 | 2.19 | 4.59 | | | 4.11 |
| WUSIH .. { dep. | 11.56 | | 8.24 | 2.29 | 5.09 | | | 4.21 |
| SOOCHOW .. { arr. | 12.47 | | 9.32 | 3.42 | 5.54 | | | 5.14 |
| SOOCHOW .. { dep. | 12.57 | 7.35 | 9.41 | 3.52 | 6.04 | 2.40 | | 5.24 |
| Kunshan .. .. .. | 1.41 | 8.35 | 10.40 | 4.56 | | 3.25 | | |
| Nanziang .. .. .. | 2.05 | 9.29 | 11.30 | 5.50 | | 4.09 | | 6.41 |
| SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr. | 2.50 | 9.55 | 12.10 | 6.27 | 7.35 | 4.30 | | 7.00 |

R. Restaurant Cars S. Sleeping Cars

*Connects at Tientsin with the Peking-Mukden and through Siberian Service.

Woosung to Shanghai—Up (Branch Line) Shanghai to Woosung—Down

| | 31 | 33 | 35 | 37 | 39 | 41 | 43 | 45 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| WOOSUNG FORTS .....dep. | 7.00 | 8.20 | 10.45 | 13.10 | 14.40 | 16.10 | 18.10 | 21.30 |
| KIANGWAN .....dep. | 7.27 | 8.47 | 11.12 | 13.37 | 15.07 | 16.37 | 18.37 | 21.57 |
| SHANGHAI NORTH .....arr. | 7.35 | 8.55 | 11.20 | 13.45 | 15.15 | 16.45 | 18.45 | 22.05 |

| | 32 | 34 | 36 | 38 | 40 | 42 | 44 | 46 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| SHANGHAI NORTH .....dep. | 6.30 | 7.40 | 10.05 | 12.15 | 14.00 | 15.70 | 17.35 | 19.45 |
| KIANGWAN .....dep. | 6.51 | 7.51 | 10.16 | 12.26 | 14.11 | 15.41 | 17.56 | 19.56 |
| WOOSUNG FORTS .....arr. | 6.55 | 8.15 | 10 40 | 12.50 | 14.35 | 16.05 | 18.00 | 20.20 |

LIGHT TYPE A.M. DARK TYPE P.M

## SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY

ABRIDGED TIME TABLE IN FORCE FROM THE 1st NOVEMBER, 1915.

## MAIN LINE.

SHANGHAI TO ZAH KOU. "DOWN" ZAH KOU TO SHANGHAI. "UP"

| STATIONS | 2 Local Mixed a.m. | 4 Fast a.m. | 6 Slow a.m. | 8 Coolie Goods a.m. | 10 Ex-Press p.m. | 12 Local Mixed p.m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Shanghai South ..... dep. | | 8.00 | 8.55 | 10.15 | 3.30 | 4.20 |
| Sung Kiang ..... { arr. | | 8.52 | 10.01 | 11.24 | 4.13 | 5.46 |
| Sung Kiang ..... { dep. | | 8.55 | 10.06 | 11.40 | 4.15 | 5.56 |
| Ka Shai ..... | | 9.49 | 11.07 | 1.02 | 5.00 | 7.10 |
| Ka Shing ..... { arr. | | 10.11 | 11.35 | 1.33 | 5.19 | 7.40 |
| Ka Shing ..... { dep. | 7.30 | 10.19 | 11.45 | 1.46 | 5.29 | |
| Yeh Zah ..... { arr. | 8.24 | 10.56 | 12.27 | 2.37 | 5.56 | |
| Yeh Zah ..... { dep. | 8.40 | 10.58 | 12.31 | 2.52 | 5.58 | |
| Chang An ..... | 9.38 | 11.33 | 1.17 | 3.55 | 6.25 | |
| Hangchow ..... { arr. | 11.18 | 12.28 | 2.30 | 5.32 | 7.09 | |
| Hangchow ..... { dep. | 11.30 | 12.38 | 2.42 | 5.47 | 7.24 | |
| Zah Kou ..... arr. | 11.55 | 12.57 | 3.05 | 6.20 | 7.40 | |

| STATIONS | 1 Local Mixed a.m. | 3 Fast a.m. | 5 Slow a.m. | 7 Coolie Goods a.m. | 9 Ex-press p.m. | 11 Local Mixed p.m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Zah Kou ..... dep. | | 7.20 | 8.20 | 9.25 | 2.25 | 3.50 |
| Hangchow ..... { arr. | | 7.44 | 8.45 | 9.58 | 2.40 | 4.18 |
| Hangchow ..... { dep. | | 7.55 | 8.55 | 10.13 | 2.50 | 4.25 |
| Chang An ..... | | 8.52 | 10.11 | 12.15 | 3.41 | 5.48 |
| Yeh Zah ..... { arr. | | 9.25 | 10.54 | 1.15 | 4.06 | 6.37 |
| Yeh Zah ..... { dep. | | 9.32 | 11.01 | 1.50 | 4.08 | 6.47 |
| Ka Shing ..... { arr. | | 10.09 | 11.43 | 2.45 | 4.35 | 7.35 |
| Ka Shing ..... { dep. | 7 40 | 10.12 | 11.55 | 3.05 | 4.41 | |
| Ka Shai ..... | 8.18 | 10.36 | 12.26 | 3.37 | 5.01 | |
| Sung Kiang ..... { arr. | 9.33 | 11.29 | 1.26 | 4.48 | 5.44 | |
| Sung Kiang ..... { dep. | 10.02 | 11.32 | 1.31 | 4.58 | 5.47 | |
| Shanghai South ... arr. | 11.22 | 12.25 | 2.38 | 6.07 | 6.30 | |

## KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE

KON ZEN CHIAO TO ZAH KOU ZAH KOU TO KON ZEN CHIAO

| STATIONS | 14 a.m. | 16 a.m. | 18 a.m. | 20 p.m. | 22 p.m. | 24 p.m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Kon Zen Chiao ... dep. | 7.40 | 10.10 | 11.50 | 1.25 | 3.05 | 6.35 |
| Kon Shang Hua .. { arr. | 7.53 | 10.23 | 12.03 | 1.38 | 3.18 | 6.48 |
| Kon Shang Hua .. { dep. | 8.04 | 10.30 | 12.05 | 1.40 | 3.19 | 6.50 |
| Hangchow ..... { arr. | 8.13 | 10.40 | 12.15 | 1.50 | 3.29 | 7.00 |
| Hangchow ..... { dep. | 8.21 | | | | 3.40 | |
| Zah Kou ..... arr. | 8.46 | | | | 4.10 | |

| STATIONS | 13 a.m. | 15 a.m. | 17 p.m. | 19 p.m. | 21 p.m. | 23 p.m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Zah Kou ..... dep. | 9.00 | | | | 5.10 | |
| Hangchow ..... { arr. | 9.19 | | | | 5.33 | |
| Hangchow ..... { dep. | 9.24 | 10.55 | 12.35 | 2.10 | 5.42 | 7.15 |
| Kon Shang Hua .. { arr. | 9.34 | 11.05 | 12.45 | 2.20 | 5.52 | 7.25 |
| Kon Shang Hua .. { dep. | 9.37 | 11.12 | 12.47 | 2.25 | 5.56 | 7.28 |
| Kon Zen Chiao ... arr. | 9.50 | 11.25 | 1.00 | 2.38 | 6.09 | 7.41 |

*Light Type A.M. Dark Type P.M.*

# Auctions

## A. LANDAU & Co.

(Swiss Establishment)

Auctioneers, Expert Valuers, Salesrooms in

Nos. 134-135a Szechuen Road
Telephone 2653.

Personal attention given to house auctions.

A/c of sales rendered within 3 days of sales. Cash advances made on goods entrusted to our sales.

Terms on application.

## TENNIS

GLASSES, NON-BLURRING

O. D. RASMUSSEN, D. O.

OPTOMETRIST—1A JINKEE ROAD.

9973

## S. S. SHIMIZU

SOLE IMPORTERS OF

**BEEF**

From Tsingtao.

Families, Hotels and Steamers supplied at very low rates.

K2270 Boone Road (corner of Miller Road).

Tel. 1936. 10182

## Consolidated Rubber Estates (1914), Limited

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

AT a Meeting of the Directors held on June 15th, 1916, it was decided to declare an interim dividend at the rate of 20 per cent (which equals 15 Tael cents per share) on the Capital of the Company, payable on and after 3rd July, 1916, to shareholders on record at that date.

Notice is hereby given that the Share Register and Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 26th June to 3rd July, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

**China Realty Company, Ltd.**

Secretaries & General Managers.

10124

## For Sale

As a Good Paying Concern,
Owner going home

## Tollefsen's Private Hotel

18, 19 and 23, Chaoufoong Road

Established 1903

Containing Large Dining-room (newly done up and decorated), Drawing-room, Billiard-room and Refreshment room and 30 Bedrooms, all well furnished. Also one Ford Touring Car, as good as new.

Apply T. Tollefsen,
Proprietor.

10151 J. 25

## Reduced Prices

"Potosi" Electro-plated Ware and Cutlery

| | Per Doz. |
|---|---|
| Table Spoons and Forks | $4.50 |
| Dessert ,, ,, ,, | 3.50 |
| Tea Spoons | 1.50 |
| Dessert Knives (Ivory handles) | 8.00 |
| ,, ,, (Ivorine ,,) | 5.00 |

**Walter Dunn & Co.**

A. 133 Szechuen Road,
Telephone No. 805.

# Business and Official Notices

## MAKE YOUR OFFICE COOLER

A Supply of "Elephant Head" Pilsener

Will Make Your Office Seem Cooler

"HIRANO" MINERAL WATER

Is Pure

**Garner, Quelch & Co.**

Yoghurt (sour milk).

## FRESH MILK

Delivered daily

Prices moderate

AIKOSHA DAIRY.

Tel. 2175. 53 Avenue Dubail.

10 92

## LOST

A native order issued by Chen Teh Ho Kee, Native Bank No. 13558 for Tls. 1,000, due on 6th of 12th moon of last year. It is notified that the same has been reported lost and is hereby cancelled, as already advertised in Shun Pao and Shin Wen Pao in January, 1916.

LIANG SUN OU TONG.

Shanghai, June 15th, 1916.

10190 J 23

## SING CHONG ZUNG

信昌仁珠寶號

**Pearl Dealers**

49 Hankow Road.

Any firm or individual who has NEW PEARLS to dispose of is requested to communicate with us.

We are ready to buy white Pearls from European countries. Write to, or call in person at the above address.

10199

## NOTICE

CHOW LAN-CHU (周蘭初), native of Canton, Ex-Consul for China at New Zealand—TAKE NOTICE that Messers. Kirchner and Boger, merchants, at Shanghai, have filed a petition in the International Mixed Court at Shanghai, charging you with having fraudulently obtained from them the sum of 2,000 Mexican Dollars by means of false pretence: to wit, a false statement of your brother Chow Tsz-chi (周自齊), Ex-Minister for Agriculture and Commerce of the Republic of China, whereby the said Chow Tsz-chi was to guarantee the repayment of the aforesaid Dollars 2,000.

Application has been made to the Court, that should you fail to appear before the aforesaid Court within thirty days from the date hereof, a judgment *in contumaciam* shall be given against you and that a reward shall be put up for your arrest.

MAJOR ST. P. RUDINGER.

Counsel for Complainants.

Shanghai, this 15th day of June A.D. MCMXVI.

10163

**Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 9**

## Honigsberg's

"The Up-to-date Garage"

have now installed on the premises a special department for making Cushion Covers, Tops, and Drivers' Uniforms.

*Estimates and Advice Free*

## Henry The Tailor

J-14, Seward Road, Shanghai
(NEAR ASTOR HOUSE)

I acquired the Art of Cutting from an American tailor. I am recommended by some of the best-dressed men in Shanghai.

6724

## Unzen Hot Springs

(NEAR NAGASAKI)

Best Summer Resort in the Far East.

**YUMEI HOTEL**

Charges moderate. Suitable for families.

A large and cool Dining Hall has been added.

This year being tenth anniversary of establishment of the Hotel, special consideration will be shown to visitors.

9904

## MANILA CIGARS

Following upon a personal visit to the Philippine Islands, we have decided to stock extensively the products of the

**Compania General de Tabacos de Filipinas**

the largest and best reputed cigar factory in the Philippines. The standing and reputation of the Company render unnecessary any praise in its behalf, and we most highly recommend them.

Price list.

| No. | Name | In Boxes of | Price |
|---|---|---|---|
| 94 | Pigtails | 10 | $5.00 |
| 95 | Favoritos Conde de Guell | 25 | 8.00 |
| 96 | Vegueros Especiales | 25 | 8.00 |
| 97 | Favoritos Conde de Sert | 25 | 6.25 |
| 98 | Vegueros Chicos | 25 | 5.00 |
| 99 | Favoritos J. Dotres | 25 | 4.50 |
| 100 | Especiales Isabela | 50 | 4.50 |
| 101 | Aguilas | 25 | 4.00 |
| 102 | Favoritos Conde de Gamazo | 25 | 3.75 |
| 103 | Especiales Tabacalera | 25 | 3.00 |
| 104 | Senadores | 25 | 3.00 |
| 105 | Ideales | 25 | 2.75 |
| 106 | Perfectos | 25 | 2.00 |
| 107 | Perfectos Especiales | 25 | 2.50 |
| 108 | Conchas Especiales | 50 | 1.75 |
| 109 | Reina Victoria N. P. U. | 100 | 6.00 |
| 110 | ,, ,, ,, | 50 | 3.00 |
| 111 | Nuevo Cortado | 100 | 2.50 |

**TABAQUERIA FILIPINA**

34 Nanking Road. 10196

1284, BROADWAY TELEPHONE No. 1025

**YUT SAE CHANG & Co.**

**Iron Merchants & General Hardware Dealers**

**SHANGHAI.**

Our branch at Mokanshan has now been opened for the summer months.

The China Press is on sale at our store

## THE CENTRAL GARAGE CO., LTD.

2A, JINKEE ROAD

**CARS FOR HIRE**

Prompt Service Day and Night.

Telephone 3809.

## Taiping Rubber Estate, Limited (1913).

INTERIM DIVIDEND.

THE Directors of The Taiping Rubber Estate, Limited (1913), have declared an interim Dividend on the current year's working of 10% on the Capital of the Company, payable on and after the 28th June, 1916.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 23rd to the 27th June, 1916, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
HOPKINS, DUNN & Co., Ltd.,
Agents.

Shanghai, 17th June, 1916.

10144 J-27

# Classified Advertisements

**2 cents a Word** Minimum Charge 40 cents

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

### GODOWN TO LET

A SMALL godown in Central district, close to Nanking Road. Low rental. Apply to Olivier Building, 18, Nanking Road. 'Phones 1930 and 1536.

10198 J 23

### EDUCATIONAL

LADY, experienced in teaching English to Chinese, is open to engagement for the coming autumn. Reply, giving particulars, to Box 461, THE CHINA PRESS.

10181 J 5

WANTED by English lady, Chinese pupils for shorthand and type writing and English. Apply to Box 449, THE CHINA PRESS.

10165 J 27

EXPERIENCED TEACHER of Mandarin Chinese has spare time for more pupils (morning and evening). Apply to Box 442, THE CHINA PRESS.

10155 J 25

ENGLISH LESSONS by certificated professional English lady teacher. Reasonable terms. Apply to Box 436, THE CHINA PRESS.

10133 J 23

### SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED young man (neutral), speaks Chinese fluently, travelled throughout China, executive experience, excellent references, seeks position. Apply to Box 467, THE CHINA PRESS.

10194 J 29

WANTED, position as a godown-keeper, store-keeper or timekeeper by a young American, with many years experience in latter in one of the biggest docks in the East. Good references. Moderate salary. Apply to Box 447, THE CHINA PRESS.

10162 J 23

BRITISHER with thorough knowledge of documentary Chinese and Chinese advertisements wants work after office hours. Right man to introduce new specialities. Best references. Apply to Box 446, THE CHINA PRESS.

10161 J 25

YOUNG LADY, with considerable experience in stenography and general office work, is open for engagement from the 1st July. Please apply to Box 431, THE CHINA PRESS.

10127 J 23

**Whangpoo Conservancy Board**

Notification No. 62

**Registration and Sale of Government or Shengko Lands on the Whangpoo**

NOTICE is hereby given that all registrations or sales, subsequent to November, 1911 and hereafter, of Government or Shengko lands on the Whangpoo—i.e., all foreshore, accreted or reclaimable land, not required for Conservancy or Harbour purposes, situated between highwater lines from the Kiangnan Arsenal to the lower end of the Conservancy training works at Woosung—must be regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Supplementary Article of the Conservancy Agreement of 1912 which has recently been approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Ministers of the Treaty Powers at Peking.

The Public are warned that no shengko-plan or receipt for payment of shengko is valid unless issued by the Board.

Copies of the Supplementary Article No. 12 in Chinese and English can be obtained on application at the Board's offices, 6 Kiukiang Road.

**Whangpoo Conservancy Board.**

Shanghai, 20th April, 1916.

10033

### APARTMENTS

**WINDSOR HOUSE**

14-15, Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable Rooms with full board. Good table. Centrally situated facing the Gardens.

Telephone 3482 9408

**8 and 11 Quinsan Gardens**

One flat with bathroom, facing the Quinsan Gardens; as well as two nice rooms facing South with bathrooms attached, suitable for a married couple.

10070

WELL-FURNISHED room, separate bathroom, Range Road, facing south. Low rent to suitable tenant. Apply to Box 460, THE CHINA PRESS.

10180 J 26

45, BUBBLING WELL Road, two very large rooms, both with bathrooms attached: also a small room with bathroom.

10166 J 30

CONNAUGHT HOUSE, 3 Minghong Road. Furnished room to let, facing south, with bathroom attached. With or without board. Central location. 'Phone 2650.

10189 J 28

### HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, furnished house in French district, not too far out, for bachelors' mess, preferably with garden for tennis and for term of one year. Apply to Box 448, THE CHINA PRESS.

10164 J 23

### TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a, Peking Road, or P.D., 131, Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

### HOUSES TO LET

BEAUTIFUL FLAT of 7 rooms on the Bund, fully furnished, to let, from July 1st to September 30th. Reception room, drawing room, library, dining-room, 3 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms and roof-garden. China Realty Co., Ltd.

10197 J 25

NO. 65 Route Vallon, near French Park; containing three rooms on ground-floor, four bedrooms, three tiled bathrooms with porcelain tubs, lavatories and flush closets, hot water installation, tiled kitchen and pantry, four servants' rooms, garden, tennis, etc. House will be decorated to suit tenants. Apply at No. 75 Route Vallon. Telephone, West 169, or China Realty Co, Ltd.

10080 J 30

### SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED: Experienced interpreter for lawyer's office. Must have good business connections and references. Good salary and permanent position to right man. Apply to Box 458, THE CHINA PRESS.

10178 J 24

SOAP EXPERT, shortly disengaged, makes all soaps and special lines. Can erect and work large or small factory. Competent, energetic; best credentials. Apply Soaps. Box 424, THE CHINA PRESS.

10117

WANTED by an American firm in Tientsin, competent lady stenographer and typist. Knowledge of bookkeeping preferred. Apply, giving full particulars, to Box 441, THE CHINA PRESS.

10152 J 25

WANTED: Lady physician for hospital during present physician's furlough. Address, Dr. Robbins, Chinkiang.

10032 T.F

### FINANCIAL

WE CAN arrange loans from Tls. 1,000 to Tls. 1,000,000 on first-class real estate security. China Realty Company, Ltd.

9960 J 30

## Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, Overland Roadster, 4 cylinder, fully equipped and in excellent condition. Will sell very cheap. For particulars apply to Box 463, THE CHINA PRESS.

10188 J 25

WANTED to buy, a camera for films. Apply to Box 468, THE CHINA PRESS.

10195 J 23

FOR SALE, one Swift bicycle, practically new, $65; and one Oliver typewriter $130, both in perfect condition. Apply to Box 466, THE CHINA PRESS.

10193 J 24

WOLFHOUND bitch, thoroughbred, ten months old, offered in exchange for young dog of same or other breed. No small terriers. Apply to Box 465, THE CHINA PRESS.

10191 J 24

FOR SALE, vest-pocket Kodak, in excellent condition, almost new. Price $12. Also Eastman camera, 5 x 4, for plates and films, $30. Apply to Box 459, THE CHINA PRESS.

10179 J 24

WANTED, second-hand bicycle, medium size, first-class makers' machine preferred. State lowest price to Box 462, THE CHINA PRESS.

10186 J 23

1 PEUGEOT motor-cycle for sale, 1 cylinder, 2 h.p., battery ignition, with a new extra set of Continental tyres. Price Taels 200. Senspray carburettor. Apply to Box 453, THE CHINA PRESS.

10170 J 21 23 25

FOR SALE, American make, 6 cylinder, 5 passenger automobile. Completely equipped and in perfect running condition. Will sell at a sacrifice on account of owner returning to America. Apply to Box 464, THE CHINA PRESS.

10188 J 25

FOR SALE: One or two genuine Coventry-made Premier motor-cycles, 3½ h.p., single or 3-speed gear; highly suitable for side-car work. Also a couple of second-hand machines. All at bargain prices. Apply to Box 324, THE CHINA PRESS.

10107 J T.F

ONE N. S. U. motor-cycle for sale, two months used, in excellent running order, two cylinders, 5 h.p., magneto, kickstarter, free wheel and two speeds, automatic oil feed, large, comfortable footboards. Price Taels 400. Apply to Box 450, THE CHINA PRESS.

10167 J 21 23 25

WINCHESTER cartridges for sale, cal. .22; 800 each, short $1.50, long $2.00 per hundred. Apply to Box 451, THE CHINA PRESS.

10168 J 21 23 25

FOR SALE: Studebaker car, 5-seater, complete, with 2 gas and 3 oil lamps. Just overhauled and repainted. Excellent condition. Price low. For examination or demonstration, address to Box 456, THE CHINA PRESS.

10173 J 21 23 25

1 ORIGINAL Senspray Carburettor for motor-cycle, for sale, complete with fittings, at $20. Apply to Box 452, THE CHINA PRESS.

10169 J 21 23 25